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McKEAN COUNTY MINER

Published in Pennsylvania's Greatest Oil Producing Center

HARRY L. BACKUS, Owner. SMETHPORT, PA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1923 VOL. LVIII. No. TERMS—$2.00 per year

WILLIAM JAMES, FORMER CITIZEN, ACCIDENT VICTIM

One-Time Local Mechanic, Husband of Crosby Girl, Caught in Revolving Shaft and Whirled to Death at Acton, Canada; Body Terribly Mangled When Released.

William ("Billy") James, aged 47 years, a resident of Smethport some 15 years and who left Smethport for his old home in Canada about 12 years ago, was killed instantly Thursday, January 11, when caught in a line shaft he was engaged in repairing at Acton, Ontario Canada.

"Billy" James, as he was familiarly called, was well known in Smethport and during his residence here was united in marriage to Miss Edith Layton, of Crosby. While a resident of Smethport he followed the trade of a carpenter. He was a member of the Methodist church and the order of Odd Fellows. Residents who knew Mr. James speak of him as a man of exemplary character.

The following account of the accident which brought death to Mr. James is taken from the Acton, Canada, Free Press:

It is many a day since Acton received such a shock as that of last Thursday morning, when the news came up from the works of The Acton Tanning company that "Billy" James had been instantly killed.

At seven o'clock when work commenced Carl Hanson, foreman of the carpenters sent William James and his mate, Archie Currie, to cut out an idle wooden post, which had been supplanted by a concrete post in front of it, in the currying shop. They had cut the post off two or three feet from the bottom, and tied a rope about the upper part to keep it from falling while they loosened an iron plate at the top of the post where it was fastened to the the steel girder at the top. The workmen's stand, which enabled the men to reach the ceiling when necessary, was shoved over beside the post. The line shaft runs on the cement post, and was about eighteen inches from the wooden post. James got on the stand to take out the iron plate, and instead of reaching over the shaft, he got up between the shaft and the compressed air pipe, where the space was only about eighteen inches. In a second the shaft had caught his clothing and the poor fellow was wound up to the shaft and the body revolving with it with great rapidity and striking the ceiling and pipes at every revolution. The rope on the post with which his body became tangled also wound up on the shaft and it was but a few seconds until it stalled the motor and stopped the revolution of the shaft.

The poor fellow was frightfully mangled, and it was seen that death was instantaneous. It is some comfort to realize there was no time for any suffering to have been experienced.

It is not known by the witnesses of the accident how it occurred, but it is supposed that when Mr. James was loosening the plate that he must have leaned back against the shaft and the woolen threads of his sweater were caught by the shaft and in an instant was gripped thereby and drawn up with the tragical fatal result which ensued.

Mr. James had been a carpenter at the tanneries for the past twelve years. He was a good workman, careful and exact, appreciated by his employers, and well liked by all his fellow workmen.

William James was born in Haliburton, near Irondale, forty-seven years ago. His youngest brother, Alfred James, and a sister live on the homestead. Alfred was here for the funeral on Saturday and remained for a few days with the the stricken wife of his brother and their family. He learned the carpenter's trade, and in his young manhood went over to Pennsylvania. He resided in the states for fifteen years. Twenty-one years ago this month he married Mrs. James at Limestone, N. Y. They have had a very happy life together, rejoicing in the fine family of five children which had come to them, and worked together with the united purpose of securing a home for them. Twelve years ago the family came to Acton. Last year Mr. James purchased the McAinsh farm on the sixth line, his son, Howard, who is about eighteen, being anxious to become a farmer. They moved to the farm last summe, but both father and son continued their work with the Acton Tanning company, and drove in from the farm each morning. With self-sacrificing efforts and a determination to get along they worked evenings and Saturday afternoons, and with the co-operation of Mrs. James succeeded in garnering in fair crops last season. They were all gratified with their progress, and hopeful for ultimate success and a prosperous farm home. The sad event of last Thursday has ruthlessly interfered with their carefully laid plans.

The funeral on Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock was a very large one. The casket was conveyed from Johnstone's undertaking parlors to the Methodist church by the Oddfellows, of which deceased was a member. A pathetic service was conducted by Rev. Charles Hacket, who spoke tender words of comfort to the bereft family, and the sorrowing fellow workmen and members of the Oddfellows and Woodmen societies. Rev. Mr. Stewart assisted in the service. At the close the Oddfellows' burial service was read in the church. Mr. and Mrs. James and family have been connected with the Methodist church ever since their coming to Acton, and have many friends among the members.

McKEAN'S DIVORCE MILL TO GRIND OUT 10 CASES ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 26

McKean county's divorce mill will be set in motion Monday, February 26, when ten unhappy couple will seek separation on that date. According to Sheriff J. F. Robinson's official pronouncement in another section of this issue, six husbands seek release from wives and four wives are conemplating severance of ties from husbands. The Contestants follow:

Milton J. Klein vs. Mary A Klein.

Sarah Glassman vs. Arthur Glassman.

Paul Simmons vs. Willis Simmons.

Edward A. Reppert vs. Mary Reppert.

Fern G. Nichols vs. James Baird Nichols.

Mildred Martha Temperino, by her next friend, Lucy Foust, vs. Frank Temperino.

Estelle Maud Imhoff vs. Oswald Imhoff.

Berle A. Newkirk vs. Etta M. Newkirk.

Jay L. Gallup vs. Alice Gallup.

Clare M. Sawyer vs. Myra B. Sawyer.

If you have something to say people will listen.

R'member

MRS. SAMUEL HENDRICKSON HIGHLY ESTEEMED WOMAN ANSWERS FINAL SUMMONS

Mrs. Samuel Hendrickson, aged 56 years, a resident of Crosby and vicinity during the past 31 years, died at the family home in Crosby, Monday night at 9 o'clock after a long illness.

Perhaps no resident of McKean county was better known or more highly esteemed than Mrs. Hendrickson. A faithful wife, a loving mother and a kind friend and neighbor she had endeared herself to all with whom she came in contact, and her loss falls like a heavy weight upon her family and friends.

A native of Sweden, Mrs. Hendrickson came to America with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Bond of Colegrove, when quite a girl. On May 19, 1892, she was married to Mr. Samuel Hendrickson, one of McKean county's foremost citizens. Of this union four children were born, two of whom preceded her to the great beyond—Pheresia, who passed away in infancy, and Mrs. Hilda Lindholm, who died in 1912.

Besides her husband and parents, two children, one grandchild, two sisters and five brothers survive, the children being Mrs. Myrtle Gunagan of Erie Pa., and Miss Frances Hendrickson of the home; the grandchild, Grace Lindholm of the home. The sisters and brothers Mrs. Augusta Thomas and Mrs. Bertha Moore, and the Messrs. David, Charles, Andrew, Oscar and August Bond.

Funeral services for Mrs. Hendrickson will be conducted at the Colegrove church, Friday afternoon. Rev. Mr. Larson of the Swedish Lutheran church of Fort Allegany and Rev. Mr. Bailey of the M. E. church of Crosby officiating. Interment in Colegrove cemetery.

Mrs. Hendrickson had been a consistent Christian throughout all her life of 57 years, having been confirmed in the Swedish Lutheran church in the old country. Noted for her ever-cheerful disposition and manifold good deeds of mind and heart, her passage to the world beyond leaves a void that will be difficult indeed to fill.

MUSSARE BROTHERS FACE CHARGE OF MURDER WHEN BRADFORD ITALIAN DIES

Tony and Fred Mussare, charged with the murder of Joe Feracci, were arraigned before Justice Colegrove, Tuesday afternoon, waived a preliminary trial and were bound over to the February term of court.

At the county jail last Friday morning Tony and Fred Mussare were formally charged with the murder of Joseph Feracci, alias Murphy, by District Attorney E. C. Potter. This was the first time that Tony Mussare, who has been in jail since the shooting affray of last fall, knew of Feracci's death. Fred Mussare was appraised of the fact Thursday afternoon when he was arrested in Olean. Melvin & Melvin of Bradford are attorneys for the defendants.

That Joe Feracci, alias Murphy, came to his death as the result of wounds inflicted by guns in the hand of Tony and Fred Mussare, was the verdict of coroner's jury following an inquest held by Coroner Heffner in Bradford, Thursday afternoon.

At the Bradford hospital, Wednesday afternoon, January 17, Joe Feracci, alias Murphy, a Lewis Run Italian, died from the effects of wounds inflicted last November during a shooting affray in the streets of Bradford. Charged with the crime and admitting that he did it, Tony Mussare was arrested, arraigned and consigned to the county jail. His brother, Fred Mussare, charged with complicity, was released on $3,000 bail. With Feracci at the time of the shooting was John Cantania of Niagara Falls. Without any hesitation, it is alleged, Tony Massare began shooting, with the result of seriously wounding both men.

Mussare had purchased an automatic revolver in Bradford and was apparently determined to "get" Feracci, whom he claimed had subjected him to alleged Black Hand ill tsentment.

Whether Fred Mussare took part in the shooting, is not made clear in the account of the affray, but the number of bullets fired indicated that the attack was a brisk and earnest effort to end the activities of Feracci. When he was subsequently examined by a surgeon five bullet wounds were found. The shots, as it happened, had not struck a vital spot and it was expected the victim of the shooting would recover. He was cared for at the hospital, as was his companion, Catania, also badly wounded. Catania recovered and some time ago was discharged. But complications developed in the case of Feracci and blood poisoning resulted which finally ended his life.

It is said that prior to his death Feracci made statements to Chief of Police Solt and County Detective Allison which indicated that the attack on him and Catania was unprovoked and that the Black Hand stories were untrue.

Tony Mussare at no time following his arrest on the day of the shooting, has denied that he was "the man behind the gun." But he claimed justification by the allegation that Feracci had warned him not to remain in Bradford unless he paid to him (Feracci) a stipulated amount of money, monthly. He says Feracci forcibly took money from him and so frightened him that he went out into the woods and was there for some time pending the arrival from Olean of his brother Fred Mussare, whom he had informed of his trouble. Fred came to Bradford and the shooting ensued.

The police regard the tragedy as the outcome of an under world row between men who had been identified with very shady transactions.

Continued on Page 4.

Conopus Club Holds Record Meet Monday at Munn Restaurant

New Members Listen in on Program of Progress Including Telephone and Time Table Reforms; The Ladies, Bless 'Em, Suffer a Jolt; Sentiment for Good Roads a Feature.

Acceptance of an invitation extended by the Rotary club of Bradford to meet with that organization in the future; a report by T. F. Hungiville, chairman of the membership committee, showing an appreciable gain in membership from the recent drive; discussion of the eligibility of women as members and failure to sustain a motion to admit them; a comprehensive inventory and financial report of the borough electric system by J. C. Backus, father of the system; an address having to do with the prospects for continued road improvements this spring by F. E. Winters, district highway engineer of Erie; a well-defined kick on the antiquated cranking system for telephones; a spirited good roads talk by County Commissioner A. J. Bond in which the speaker showed that McKean county had completed and under completion more miles of road than any other county except Erie; and instructions to the good roads committee to confer with the Latham Bus company regarding changing bus time schedule so as to conform with the B., R. & P. time card at Bradford, were a few of many items of business transacted at a record meeting of the Conopus club held at Munns restaurant, Monday at the noon hour.

Thirty-one members responded to roll call, who, with a number of new members, monopolized practically every seat in the commodious dining room.

From start to finish the business tem is somewhat antiquated, every topic introduced was a live one and the discussions pro and con were right to the point.

That Smethport's telephone system is somewhat antiquated, every member agreed following the offer of a motion that the public improvements committee be instructed to confer with the Telephone company with a view to the establishment of more modern facilities, said facilities consisting of the substitution of a self-starting system for the cranking system now in vogue. This motion, however, was tabled in the hope of obtaining the co-operation of council at its next meeting.

The motion to admit women to membership was lost solely for the reason that many of the members believed that such action was in conflict with the club's constitution. Enlightenment on this subject, however, is expected in the near future.

T. F. Hungiville's report on the success of the membership drive and his reading of the list of new members was received with acclaim and a vote of thanks offered the membership committee was given with applause.

J. C. Backus' exposition of the borough's electric system was not only thorough, but revealed that the borough made no mistake when it selected the speaker manager of the biggest enterprise ever undertaken by Smethport. At the conclusion of the reading the report was ordered spread on the minutes.

In his address on highway matters, F. E. Winters, district highway engineer of Erie, gave little hope of any extended road improvements this year, stating in effect that completion of the primary highways undertaken was up to the state, which necessarily would have to await the action of legislature and voters on the various bond issues proposed.

In a brief address on McKean county roads, County Commissioner A. J. Bond showed how the good roads spirit was moving and advised his auditors that a greater co-operation was necessary. Briefly reviewing the work done in McKean county, he pleaded for continued fidelity to the cause of good roads and expressed the opinion that every project undertaken would be fulfilled.

The proposal to instruct the public improvements committee to confer with the Latham Bus company of Bradford regarding change of time of the bus schedule so as to conform with the B., R. & P. time table, met with the approval of all members and the hope was expressed that this reform would soon be inaugurated.

The report of the financial secretary revealed finances in good shape.

McKEAN COUNTY WINS HONORS AT HARRISBURG FARM PRODUCTS SHOW.

Score another record for McKean county.

Wednesday morning local Farm Bureau headquarters received word from P. S. Crossman, Farm Bureau agent, who is attending the Farm Products show at Harrisburg, that McKean county had been awarded first honors in the exhibit of Shropshire sheep, in each of the following classes: Ewe lamb, yearling ewe, aged ram and Grand Champion ewe. Mr. Crossman reported that McKean county won despite the fierce competition on this breed.

McKean exhibitors of Shropshires include E. W. Wilson, Crosby; Harold Thoren, Port Allegany; John Carlson, Turtle Point; and Jones Brothers, Bradford.

CATHOLIC DAUGHTERS OF AMERICA INSTALL OFFICERS WEDNESDAY.

Miss Emma B. Flemming of Kane district deputy of the Catholic Daughters of America, officiated as installing officer at the regular meeting of the local court, Wednesday night. Following the ceremony a social session was held. The new officers installed for the year are:

Grand Regent—Miss Ruth Jones.

Deputy Grand Regent—Miss Ruth McCarthy.

Historian—Mrs. Frank Fay.

Treasurer—Mrs. Thomas Dunn.

Monitor—Miss Dorothy Apple.

Pianist—Mrs. Arthur Dardenne.

During her stay in Smethport Miss Flemming was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Geary.

COUNCIL MEETS MONDAY.

A special meeting of the borough council will be held Monday night for the purpose of taking final action on matters pertaining to the borough electric system, which means that henceforth the plant will be operated under strict borough control. A report from J. C. Backus, acknowledged father of the system, will be read at the meeting, in all probability the same as that read at the Conopus club meeting, Monday. Those who heard Mr. Backus' report are unanimous in the opinion that "nothing is too good for Backus." The report will be released for publication Monday night.

BREAKS ARM IN FALL.

Mrs. Curt Witherow of Main street was the victim of a very painful if not serious accident last Friday, when she slipped and fell on the ice in front of St. Luke's Episcopal church and sustained a fracture of her left arm at the wrist. Although suffering great pain, Mrs. Witherow proceeded to Doctor Chadwick's office, where the fracture was reduced.

50 GOOD CIGARETTES 10¢

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO

LARABEE

J. T. Johnson was a business visitor in Smethport, Thursday.

Mrs. Louise Cuyle and daughter, Miss Tivila Bradt, of Duffyville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Coleman, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Dailey of Sartwell were business visitors in town, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Dailey of Sartwell were business visitors in town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis McAuliff of Albany, who have been guests of the former's father, Mr. Michael McAuliffe returned home Saturday.

Mrs. M. Childs was an Eldred visitor Monday.

Theodore Raszmann was an Olean visitor, Friday.

Theodore Johnson was in Port Allegany having dental work done Saturday.

Ira Jones was a business visitor in Smethport, Wednesday.

Mrs. J. T. Haynes and Mrs. M. Childs were business visitors in Olean, Tuesday.

Mrs. Gardiner of Duffyville was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Coleman, Monday.

J. T. Johnson was an Eldred visitor, Monday.

Mrs. Lottie Cameron of Canfield Hollow spent Thursday and Friday with Mr. Vird Dennis.

Joseph Oliver was an Eldred visitor, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubbard were Coryville visitors, Thursday.

Mr. Meyer Zaffron of Smethport was a business visitor in town, Friday.

Mr. Levis took the Larabee school for a sleigh-ride, Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Kinnard of Lowbanks, Canada are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Burrows.

The Community Club met Friday evening at the home of Mr. Wm. Barnes of Bullis Mills. Four sleigh loads from here attended.

Miss Thelma Dunn of Coryville is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Pendleton.

Walter Carpenter is visiting his sister, Mrs. Harry Hietman of South Wales.

Mrs. Raymond Rice of Olean was a guest of Mrs. J. T. Haynes last Saturday.

Mrs. J. T. Haynes was an Olean visitor, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Haynes were business visitors in Smethport, Monday.

Mrs. F. D. Pendleton was an Eldred visitor Saturday.

Pasture Improvement Plan to give a little more attention to the improvement of song pastures lands this coming year. Lime spread this winter will be worked into the soil by the winter rains and freezes. Fertilizer can be applied in the spring.

INSURANCE

FIRE,
LIFE,
ACCIDENT,
In Good Reliable Companies.

W. F. SPECHT

SMETHPORT, PA.

Chas. Lemmler's

THE RELIABLE STORE—

Now for many years ready to supply harnesses, whips, blankets and robes—all sort of horse furnishing goods.

TRUNKS, SUIT CASES, TRAVELING BAGS—STANDARD LEATHER GOODS.

Smethport, Pa.

CORYVILLE ITEMS.

Mrs. Ruth Parker was shopping in Eldred on Tuesday.

Lawrence Grabe was in Port Allegany during the past week seeking medical advice.

Vern Lemon has moved his household goods to Larabee for the present, and later expects to move to Port Allegany where he has a good job.

Arthur Hibbard was sold his south side property to Wal. Robbins and has moved into a house at the No. 2 Main street.

Bert Jackson was at Turtle Point on Thursday.

Ray Mosier, Geo. Parker and A. F. Jackson attended the Dairymen's league meeting a Salamance on Wednesday last.

Mrs. Mamie Reed and family were Turtle Point callers, Thursday.

W. D. Harmon of Hampton, Iowa, who has been visiting his parents in Kent Hollow the past three weeks, returned to that place on Wednesday.

Robt Oliver, who has been confined to the house for several weeks with a broken rib, is able to be out once more.

Mrs. H. L. Harmon was a caller in Smethport on Friday.

Geo. Reese has been quite sick the past two weeks with the grippe, but is getting out once more.

Zetto Tyler, who has been under the weather for some time, is reported to be on the gain at this writing.

The dance in the hall on Friday night was enjoyed by a large crowd. Come again.

Vernon Reese and Lawrence Washburn were at Frankliville and Buffalo last week looking for work.

John Rice, who recently sold his farm to Mr. Carter of Cleveland, Ohio, has moved in with his son, Nelson, where they expect to stay until spring.

Bert Jackson and Glen Rice have taken a job of hauling chemical wood out of Reed Hollow, and expect to commence as soon as we get more snow.

Jim Reid of Farmers Valley has been helping Mrs. Joe Reid the past week.

Fred Hewitt of Farmers Valley has four teams delivering wood to the factory here.

TURTLE POINT

The heavy rainfall Saturday night has left the fields bare in places.

Miss Ryan, who has been ill for some time, is now able to sit up at times.

Mrs. Finn, who has been ill is recovering. Her daughter, Mrs. Lane, has been caring for her for some time.

People who attended church Sunday came with horses instead of autos. Seems good to see the autos off the road when snow is so deep.

Mrs. Knapp, who has been taking care of her sister-in-law at the McKinnon hospital for some time, was expected home Saturday.

Mrs. N. W. Taylor received a letter from Miss Alena McGill, who went to Colorado last fall, stating she is very much pleased with the country, and what seems strangest is that there is no snow and children going to school without outside wraps and that the flowers are just beginning to come up.

Mr. Raymond Bray is again working in the Co-operative cheese plant.

Mr. Emmet Hulty some time ago tried catching fish with his hands through the ice, bull heads, I believe, and one of the fish pricked his hand with one of its horns. He has been having a fierce time with it. Bloodpoisoning set in, but with the aid of a lady doctor at Salamanca he is getting much better at this writing.

T. F. Hughes and wife called on her people, Sunday.

Mrs. McGill was a pleasant caller at N. W. Taylor's last Thursday.

Don't rely on good luck.

Once an automobile owner, always an automobile owner.

After all, real genius is the man who can get along with people.

Some men will fight harder to keep a soft job than they will to get a good job.

No man knocks much about the thickness of the dishes—if the grub is good.

It's easier to believe than to know; it doesn't require and research to believe.

CLERMONT

Mr. and Mrs. Merl Bush were Olean visitors, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Anderson and daughter, Alva, attended the wedding of Miss Edythe Miller of E. Smethport, last Thursday.

Mr. John Meisel of this place is recovering from the serious illness he has been suffering for the last few weeks.

Morse Tayne and Lenard Amend are on the sick list this week.

Mrs. Patrick Flynn was an Olean visitor, Saturday.

Let's ask some of the St. Marys fellows to assist Margaret Hagman and Alva Anderson to stand on the ice. Seems to us that they are falling a great deal lately.

Miss Edith Johnson and Miss Margaret Birmingham were Olean visitor's Saturday.

Mr. Claire Flickinger and son Carl were Smethport visitors Friday.

Mr. Ben Hagman was a Smethport visitor, Saturday.

Miss Rosa Provin of Smethport was a Clermont visitor, Monday.

Mr. Carl Hagman was a Smethport visitor Saturday.

COLEGROVE

Mrs. Minnie Hogsteadt and daughter Gladys, spent the week-end in Olean.

Albin Anderson of Mercer, Pa., is a business visitor in town.

Frank McCurdy of Cleveland, O. is spending a few days in town.

Miss Mary McCurdy of Buffalo, N. Y., is spending a few days in town.

A. G. McAllister was a Smethport visitor Thursday.

Mrs. L. E. Scanlon sr., is very low at the present writing. Her many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

The Misses Evelyn and Edna Bloomster, Ora McAtee and Margaret Evans of Crosby were Colegrove visitors, Sunday.

Donald Benson was a Smethport visitor Friday night.

Darrell Probst was a Smethport visitor Saturday.

Miss Bernice McGee was an Olean visitor last week.

Boudoir Lamps.

$5.00

LAMPS FOR

$4.00

All Latest Designs.

An Artistic Line

Strictly Down-to-Date

Come and see Them.

Rare Bargains.

STANDARD ELECTRIC COMPANY.

Bell Phone 165R.

316 Main St. Smethport, Pa.

CHOICE CANDY

— AND —

BAKED GOODS

AT

BRASTED'S Bakery

TELEPHONE OUSTS TOM-TOM AND TRIBE CRIER IN TONGA

No longer do the booming beat of the tom-tom or the musical tones of the tribal crier summon the swarthy sons and daughters of the famous South Sea Islands to their festive gathering, says the Brooklyn Citizen. The telephone has finally made its way into the great Pacific archipelago and has come to stay in the little Kingdom of Tonga. Already the natives of the three large islands and the 300 smaller ones which make up the Tonga group have become almost as accustomed to the mysteries of the "talking wire" as their more effete friends of the Occident.

The telephone system just installed in Tonga by the New Zealand representatives of the International Western Electric Company is one of the smallest in the world. It consists of a little less than a hundred subscriber lines, most of which are located on the main island of the group. Later, as the natives get more familiar with their new utility, it is probable that extensions in service will be made to most of the outlying settlements in the 300-odd square miles of scattered islands included in the Kingdom.

Rastus: "Gimme 1230."
Operator: "1230 is the wrong number."
Rastus: "Dat's funny, cuz I has done lost one."

SUBSCRIBER CAN IMPROVE OWN TELEPHONE SERVICE

Naturally everyone who uses the telephone desires continuous and efficient telephone service. There are many little ways in which the telephone subscribers can assist the telephone people in their efforts to provide such service.

For instance, a simple knot in your telephone cord is apt to cause a break in the service. The knot weakens the delicate wires contained in the cord.

If the cord rests against a wet umbrella, or on the sponge on the desk, or against any other wet object, telephone trouble may follow. Thousands of trouble complaints arise from such incidents. By taking care to avoid such troubles, the telephone user will benefit by having continuous service while the company will be able to use its repairmen and materials for other greatly needed work.

NEVER TRUST TO CHANCE— CONSULT THE DIRECTORY

The practice of taking telephone numbers from old billheads, letterheads, or business cards is apt to cause trouble. This is especially true when a subscriber changes from party to a single line, which usually results in a change of number.

The proper way to obtain the right telephone numbers of those you wish to call is to consult the current edition of telephone directory.

The Sale Goes on for 3 days more ending Saturday, Jan. 13

Here are a few items picked at random to show the unusually low prices on Merchandise at this sale.

Yard wide Light Percale light 15c; dark 16c
75c Tissue Ginghams ..... 59c yd.

HOSIERY

All Womens Silk Hosiery 20 per cent off.

1 lot in particular, reduced—a fine foot silk at 59c a pair.

1 lot to close out at 79c

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS.

Just a few left ..... $1.89, $1.98 and $2.19.

ALL WOOL BLANKETS

Large size 66 x 80 ..... $5.98.

WOMEN'S WOOL UNDERWEAR

All the popular styles all selling at 20 % less.

MENS FLORSHEIM OXFORDS.

Think of it $6.98 a pair, $10.00 everywhere else.

35 Pairs of Women's Kid high top shoes $6.50 to $14.00 selling at $3.98

MEN'S WORK SHOES.

Heavy Brown double sole work shoes for one hour Thursday 9 to 10 ..... $1.69 pair.

MASSER BROS.

SMETHPORT, PA.

SHOE SENSE

GOOD SHOES are the cheapest in the long run, as they outwear poor shoes three pairs to one. We have handled shoes a good many years and know how to give our customers quality, Style and comfort. Shoes here for the whole family and WE DO REPAIRING.

Anderson & Carlson THE SHOE MEN

USED CARS

1918 Marmon Touring.

1916 Velie Touring.

1917 Overland Touring.

1917 Haynes Touring.

1921 Ford.

1919 Studebaker.

Smethport Garage Co.

Smethport, Pa.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company have appointed us their exclusive agents for Smethport and vicinity to handle their electric appliances consisting of electric motors, electric ranges, toasters, washing machines ironing machines, and all kinds of electric novelties. The Westinghouse Electric people make the best electric lamps on the market, and we are just now receiving a consignment of $1200 worth of these lamps in all the various sizes, shapes, etc., which will permit us to supply you off our shelves any size or shape of the best electric lamps made.

BACKUS NOVELTY CO.,
Smethport, Pa.

Professional Cards

ATTORNEYS.
GALLUP & POTTER
Bank & Trust Co. Bldg., Smethport, Pa.

E. R. MAYO & SONS.
ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW. Office over Grange Bank, Smethport, Pa. Office connected with long distance telephone. E. R. Mayo, Notary Public.

THOS. H. MORRISON
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Smethport Pa., All legal busines given prompt and careful attention.

PHYSICIANS
H. L. McCOY
PHYSCIAN and SURGEON. Office in I. O. O. F. block, Main street Smethport, Pa.

DR. ROBERT HAMILTON.
Office and residents in Hamilton block, Smethport, Pa. Office hours 8 to 9 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

DR. J. D. REPP
—NAPRAPATH.—
Hamlin Bank Bldg, Smethport, Pa.
Practice Confined to the treatment of Nervous and Chronic Diseases.
HOURS: 1:00 to 5:00 and 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.
MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.

DENTISTS.

DR. C. R. LONG
Dentist
Anderson & Carlson Block.
Office Hours: 9 to 12, 1 to 5.

DR. A. R. LIVERMORE
Dentist
I. O. O. F. Building, Smethport, Pa.,
Office Hours: 8:30 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Evening and Sundays by appointment. Bell Phone 71-J.

LODGE DIRECTORY.
F. & A. M.
McKean Lodge, No. 388, meets on the second Wednesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.
HARRY RUBIN, W. M.
W. F. SPECHT, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.
Smethport Lodge, No. 389, meets Friday evenings at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. will work initiatory degree first meeting of each month; 1st degree on second; 2nd degree on third; and third degree on fourth meeting night.
Fred J. Masser, N. G.
J. V. Gallup, V. G.
R. C. GLEASON, Sec.

I. O. O. F.
Smethport Encampment, No. 276 meets the first and third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.
CHARLES LEMMLER, C. P.
J. A. SWANSON, S.

Ideal Rebekah Lodge, No. 63.
Meets the 1st and 3rd Monday evenings of each month, at 8o'clock, in the I. O. O. F. Hall.
JENNIE CHASE, N. G.
CATHERINE LEMMLER, Sec'y.
EDNA ANDERSON Fin. Sec'y.

P. H. C.
Smethport Branch, No. 25, meets on every Tuesday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.
C. M. COLEGROVE, President
ANNA O. STARK, Secretary.

P. of H.
Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday evenings in each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.
FRANK REEVES, W. M.
P. S. CROSSMAN, Secretary.
H. J. RICE, Lecturer.

Phoenix Chapter, No. 15, O. E. S.
Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays of each month at 2 p. m., in I. O. O. F. Hall.
MRS. H. G. GERMAN, W. M.
A. J. HYATT, W. P.
MRS. E. B. DRAKE, Sec.

M. W. of A.
Meets every second Thursday.
John Larson,
Secretary.

Clementine Gaskin

An itchy scalp and falling hair indicates a very bad condition of the scalp.

The Du Four system will relieve this condition.

All combings made up at 50c per ounce.

Du Four toilet articles on SALE.

1?? E. King Street, Smethport, Pa.

BRADFORD--SMETHPORT
BUS LINE

New Schedule in Effect Oct. 10, 1922

WEEK DAYS

Leave Bradford—7:45 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 3:00 p. m., 5:10 p. m., and 11 p. m.

Leave Smethport—9:15 a. m., 1:00 p. m. 4:45 p. m. and 6:40 p. m.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE.

Leave Bradford—8:30 a. m., 5:10 p. m. and 10:30 p. m.

Leave Smethport—10:15 a. m. and 6:45 p. m.

Round trip tickets reduced to $1.50 between Bradford and Smethport.

C. A. Kranking

GROCERY
Phone No.
1 1 8

C. A. KRANKING

Belle Mead
Sweets
AND
THE CELEBRATED
Baltimore
Products
Candies
H. C. WELLS
Drug Store
MAIN STREET

A LICENSE TO FILL PRESCRIPTIONS

Is Not all Perfection Demands.

Perfect Quality of Ingredients Absolute Accuracy in Compounding. A Complete, Fresh, Well-kept Stocks, These are all Necessary to prescription perfection.

YOU GET THEM ALL HERE.

Corner Drug Store
THE REXALL STORE
(Successor to)
HOGARTH PHARMACY
Opposite Grange Bank
SMETHPORT, PA.

One-third off
on all
DRY CLEANING
During the month of
January.
John A. Karlen
CUSTOM-MADE
CLOTHES

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

Eldred—The funeral of the late Perland O. Brooks, aged 38 years, who died at his home in West Eldred, following an illness of pneumonia, was held from the residence Thursday morning, Rev. Mr. Webster officiating, and interment was made in Bradford cemetery. Mr. Brooks was a native of this vicinity and an industrious farmer. His widow, four children, parents and eight brothers and sisters survive.

Eldred—Autopsies performed on the bodies of Clifford Houghton, formerly of Bradford, and his common law wife, Nina, found dead at the roadhouse known as "Nina's Place," showed that death was due to drinking bad liquor. Homemade wine, improperly fermented, was the beverage. "Nina's Place" was known as the most notorious road house in western Pennsylvania. Houghton was a son of the late Rev. and Mrs. M. H. Houghton of Bradford.

Bradford—Howard R. Lester, 35, World war veteran, died Thursday morning at the home of his mother after a two weeks' illness of pneumonia. He came here from Detroit to spend the Christmas holidays and was taken ill shortly after. He spent 19 months overseas and was a member of the 85th division of Michigan and Wisconsin. His mother and one sister survive.

Shinglehouse—A charter has been granted to the Oswayo Valley Silk company of Shinglehouse for the manufacture of silk cloth. Ground will be cleared for this industry as soon as the weather will permit. The stockholders are all local and vicinity people.

Williamsport—Directors of the Williamsport Retail Merchants association adopted a resolution favoring an improved road between Wellsboro and Galeton because of its importance as a portion of the route connecting county seats.

Mt. Jewett—Frank D. Short, sr., who has been making his home here with his daughter, was taken to the Kane hospital where an amputation was made of his left leg, because of gangrenous affections of the toes. It was necessary to amputate the member about three inches above the ankle. Because of his advanced age the surgeon resorted to local anaesthetics. One year ago it was necessary to amputate his right limb in the same place for a similar cause.

Port Allegany—A number of local young men recently got together, organized an athletic association and have rented the Grange hall, where they are holding basketball practice every Tuesday and Friday evening. They have arranged for out-of-town games, but will be unable to play home games as there is no place in town suitable for a regular game.

Brockport—William Tell, a miner, was badly injured Friday by a premature explosion of dynamite. The left side of his face was badly lacerated, his left eye and left ear drum destroyed and his left arm and shoulder crippled for life. He was taken to the DuBois hospital.

Johnsonburg—Max Racusin, for nine years proprietor of the Ladies' Bazaar, here, died Monday in Penn hospital at Pittsburgh. For a time he was a patient in the Kane hospital. He was 37 years of age and a native of Germany.

Johnsonburg—George Roof has on display a large egg laid by a hen of the Rhode Island Red variety. The egg measures 5½ x 7½ inches and weighs 3½ ounces. Mr. Roof is anxious to learn if any hen can beat this.

Harrisburg—First respites passed on by Governor Pinchot have been issued to permit cases of Floyd Smith, Bradford, and John Shields, Philadelphia, to come before the board of pardon again in February. They were ordered to be executed this week, but have been given stays until the week of March 5.

TIMELY REMINDERS FROM PENNSY STATE COLLEGE.

Planning Home Gardens—Especially in the selection of the vegetables to be planted, the home gardener should consider the wishes of the family and their likes and dislikes for the various vegetables. Seed is often bought in combination offers to take advantage of reduced costs, but such group offerings often include too little seed of favorite vegetables and still others that are not wanted in the garden.

Before Farrowing—It is advisable to reduce the sow's rations several days before she is due to farrow. The amount of corn should be cut down, and wheat bran substituted for the greater portion of the daily feed. Good judgment must be used in reducing a ration because it is unwise to attempt to starve a large, ringed sow that is accustomed to liberal feed.

Eggs for Incubation should never be held longer than ten days. Those that are three or four days old hatch nearly as well as those set immediately, but after they pass that period they start on the decline.

Watering the Cattle—This is the time of the year when the dairy cow appreciate a bucket of water in her stall. Driving her out in a January blizzard to drink ice water means a decrease in the flow of her milk. If individual water buckets cannot be provided, it may be possible to install a trough under shelter, from which the cows can drink. Warming the water slightly might prove to be of benefit.

PAINT THE INTERIOR NOW

This is the time to paint inside, so it will be ready by house-cleaning time, and when you can get the painter or your husband, who will have plenty to do outside later.

"SEE OUR WINDOW"
HALLSTROM BROS

COTTON CULTURE IN CHINA

Long Neglected, Native Industry of Recent Years Made Extraordinary Development.

In the beginning the Chinese were too much devoted to the lovely Yuend, goddess of mulberry leaves and silkworms, to look with favor upon a cult of "mien-hua," the cotton flowers. Cotton did not thrive until it, too, acquired a patron, the Lady Huang, of the Yuen dynasty, who distributed seeds from Turkestan through the region about Nanking.

In this city was made the famous yellow "nankeen," from which were cut the trousers of many characters in English fiction. As nankeen was imitated in foreign lands, it was exported in smaller quantities, and the Chinese even began to import cotton cloth. In recent times, however, the native cotton industry has developed rapidly. Much of the coarse-fibered, kinky cotton from the farms is sent to Shinghai, Wusieh or Tientsin, to mills equipped with English or American machinery. But the looms in most Chinese mills are constructed on the same principle as those in household weaving by simple folk, such as the old Chihli peasants. They are adept at unwinding the twisted thread from a bobbin into a skein, to be dyed blue and woven into narrow cloth.

BELIEVE ANIMALS HAVE SOUL

Primitive People Have From the Beginning Based Their Religion on That Supposition.

Among the more primitive people of the earth all animals are supposed to be endowed with souls, which in many cases have formerly inhabited beings. Many African tribes call themselves by the name of, and even derive their pedigree from, some animal. Its cries become the omens of the tribe. In the modern world the most civilized people among whom animal worship vigorously survives lie within the range of Brahmanism.

Perhaps no worship has prevailed more widely than that of the serpent. It had its place in Egypt and among the Hebrews; in Greece and Rome; among the Celts and Scandinavians in Europe; in Persia and in India; in China and Tibet; in Mexico and Peru; in Africa, where it still flourishes as the state religion of Dahomey; in Java and Ceylon; among the Fijians and elsewhere in Oceanica; and even in the halls of Christianity the sect of the Ophites continued or renewed snake worship, blended curiously with purer rites.

Business Callers Are Selfish.

A business man was telling me recently that whenever anyone came to see him and inquired if he were busy he invariably replied, no matter how busy he was:

"No, not at all. What can I do for you?"

His idea was that courtesy required him thus to put the caller at ease.

Visitors stayed too long and recently this man tried the experiment of replying, when asked if he is busy:

"Yes, I am pretty busy, but I can give you a moment or two. What is it?"

But his callers stay exactly the same length of time, he says, that they used to stay when he said he wasn't busy. In other words, most callers are selfish and stay as long as they want to, unless compelled to go sooner.—Fred Kelly in the Nation's Business.

And the Rest Is Silence.

An Englishman who knew no language but his own had lost his way in Rome. In his perplexity it occurred to him to write the name of his hotel in large letters on his card and hand it to the first benign-looking individual he met.

The Italian thus accosted turned, and, with the charming manner of his race, accompanied the perturbed Englishman for about twenty minutes in solemn silence, until they reached the hotel designated.

In a transport of joy at finding himself once more on known ground the tourist poured out voluble thanks in the only language at his command.

At this the Italian looked at him in amazement and remarked in perfect English:

"I thought you were deaf and dumb!"

Author Poorly Rewarded.

"Black Beauty," the most successful animal classic ever written, was sold by the writer, Anna Sewell, for less than $400, says Vincent Starrett in the Mentor Magazine.

In America alone the book has achieved a circulation to date of more than 3,000,000 copies, yet the Quaker girl who wrote it on her sick bed, and whose life was one of remarkable bravery and cheerfulness under the most depressing circumstances, is practically unknown to fame. She was born in Yarmouth, England, March 30, 1820, and died 1877, one year after the book was published.

Birch Wood Chief Fuel in Sweden

Domestic heating in Sweden would be little affected by coal strikes, for the most common fuel in that country is birch wood. The logs are usually cut during the winter months, and the pieces are piled in large stacks to dry until the next autumn. A half dozen or more piles, not unlike large haystacks in appearance, is a common sight in many sections of the country. The fireplaces are so constructed as to store the heat, so that virtually none of it is wasted.

Veteran Captain Had Seen Samples of This Passenger's Kind on Many Previous Voyages.

The captain of a Pacific mail liner was annoyed by the persistent and garrulous chatter of a passenger. Whenever the captain appeared on deck his persecutor was there, waiting with some idiotic question or long-drawn "yarn."

One day the wind kicked up a nasty sea, and the vessel tossed about pretty vigorously. The captain, in dripping oilskins, came down from the bridge, and at the saloon companionway was waylaid by the talkative passenger.

The gentleman's complexion was a muddy green, and it required no experienced eye to see that his system was badly shaken up.

"Morning, captain," he said.

"Morning," growled the captain.

"Oh, captain, just a minute," persisted the man. "I've crossed the Atlantic a dozen times in weather worse than this, but I was never seasick before. Can you account for it?"

"Yes," said the captain.

"What do you think it is, captain?"

"Bad memory, sir!"—Harper's Magazine.

Accident Suggested Truck Farm.

Accident is said to have suggested the truck farm. In 1847 a clerk on a Charleston (S. C.) boat chanced to speak to some friends in New York of the fresh vegetables to be had in the Southern city. As it was winter, his statement was promptly challenged by one of his listeners. On his next trip North, therefore, he brought a basket of vegetables, including two boxes of strawberries. They were placed on exhibition in a shop window and attracted much attention.

In this way began the business of truck farming in the United States.

Until the middle of the Nineteenth century the fruits and vegetables raised on nearly all farms were intended for home consumption or for sale in markets close at hand. Today California fruits and vegetables go all over the world, and the Northern cities have, all winter long, garden produce raised in Florida or the Gulf states.

An Index of Value.

Berry, city reporter on the Index, was sent to get a story about old man Crawford, president of the Curtis Crawford company, on the occasion of the company's fiftieth anniversary. Berry found Crawford a man in his early 80s, albeit active, and an employer of the old school, with little sympathy for what he termed the new-fangled ideas. They talked together for half an hour, Berry putting question after question and the old man answering out of the wealth of his experience. The young reporter, just out of the state university, could not overlook one important point.

"Of course, Mr. Crawford, you are a college man?" he remarked.

There was a twinkle in the old man's eye, but he answered with all solemnity:

"No, I am not a college man, but my head janitor is!"—Kansas City Star.

All Due to Little Gland.

Why is it that military music makes one want to march, that jazz music makes one want to dance, and plaintive music makes one sad? Science has discovered that it is all due to a little gland situated at the base of one's brain, and it controls the rhythmic beating of the heart. It prevents it—and other organs of the body—from racing, or working irregularly.

Martial music excites the pituitary gland very much and in response the gland manufactures and sends into one's blood more than its normal amount of fluid. It is this fluid that controls the speed of one's heart, and beats much faster, giving one that exhilarated military feeling.

Another type of music acts on the pituitary gland in just the opposite way—it slows it down, with an accompanying depression or sadness.

11 cigarettes

TURKISH VIRGINIA BURLEY

15 for 10¢
The AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

LUDEN'S
MENTHOL COUGH DROPS
for nose and throat
Give Quick Relief

Special Repair Work
on
RUBBERS and RUBBER BOOTS.
EARL LYMAN
115 East Main Street
Smethport, Pennsylvania

Denning's Market
—Always the Best—
MEATS, POULTRY, FISH,
CHOICE GROCERIES
OLEO 30c TO 37c lb.
MEATS, POULTRY, FISH
G. H. DENNING
Smethport, Pa.

E. O. GASKIN
— TAXI —
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE
PHONE NO. 147R.
KING STREET.

The State Farm Products Show at Harrisburg, January 22 to 27, will well repay the farmer who attends the many agricultural meetings and sees the numerous educational exhibits of interest to him and his work. Premium lists and programs for the week can be obtained from the State Department of Agriculture, Harrisburg, Pa.

Say It
With Flowers

WHICH MEAN FAR MORE THAN WORDS OR OTHER GIFTS.

Fresh flowers can be delivered by wire or phone, anytime, and anywhere in a few hours.

We grow our own stock and have a fine assortment of cut flowers and plants and have beautiful baskets for same.

Orders can be left with Mrs. Stanley Bright.

PORT ALLEGANY GREENHOUSES
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
Orders May be left with
MRS. STANLEY BRIGHT, Smethport, Pa.

McKean County Miner

SMETHPORT, PENNA.

HARRY L. BACKUS, Publisher

Entered at the Post Office at Smethport, Pa., as Second Class Matter.

NOTICE, BUSINESS MEN.

When approached for advertising by any solicitor make it a point to ask what publication the solicitor represents. You will always know The Miner's representative when he calls, for he has formed the habit of giving his name and the name of the paper for which he is soliciting.

VOLUNTARY TESTIMONY IS MOST CONVINCING

"I'll say that advertising in the Miner pays," said Mr. O. D. Nourse of East Smethport, R. F. D., Monday, after informing the manager that the first insertion of an advertisement offering young dressed pigs for sale kept him so busy answering the phone and a swarm of communications that he hadn't time for anything else. "I sold all my dressed pigs and could have sold as many more if I had had them," said Mr. Nourse.

"Hello, Miner, please cancel my ad for a room," was the way a man prefaced a tribute to the value of Miner advertising this week, concluding with: "Why, I received one-half dozen answers to that ad. by telephone Thursday afternoon, three Friday morning and an equal number Friday afternoon and what is more, I obtained the room I wanted. Yes, Miner advertising is all right. I agree with you that everybody reads The Miner."

In renewing his subscription to The Miner for another year, R. H. Duntly, Corydon, Pa., says: "Enclosed find check for subscription renewal. Your paper seems to keep pace with the town in its improvements—paved streets, electric lights, etc."

If you want to know the value of Miner advertising ask J. D. Mather of the O. K. Farm, who, seeking a market for fresh eggs, sweet cider and dressed chickens, inserted an advertisement in The Miner with the result of such an unlooked-for demand that he was kept busy supplying it, until practically all was exhausted. When asked if the advertisement proved a good investment Mr. Mather said: "Yes, indeed. It went right to the people who wanted what I had to sell. All of them read the advertisement which proves that Miner advertising is valuable."

THE VOICE.

Under the caption "Political Dope Sliced was Mixed. Evidently, the McKean Democrat for January 18, says:

"In commenting on a recent set of county Republican political predictions published last week in a local Republican paper, which stated that the aspirants for the Republican nomination for sheriff were County Detective J. J. Allison of Smethport and Chief Solt and Capt. Faust of the Bradford police department, the Bradford Star-Record says: 'When Chief Solt was approached and told of the rumor he said it was without foundation. Mr. Faust said he had not even thought of such a thing. He states that he would not even think of running against his friend Jack Allison.'

THE ECHO.

After quoting the Bradford Star's denial of the candidacies of Chief Solt and Captain Faust for the nomination for sheriff, the Eldred Eagle, running strictly true to form in the matter of echoing every attempted disparagement of The Miner contained in the Democrat, says: "It looks as though the political writer for The Miner was shooting wildly just to hear the report of his own artillery, so the which, which leads in everything, appears to have gotten ahead of the procession with its whole brass band of political hot air."

THE FACTS.

In its exposition of the political situation in McKean county, contained in its issue of January 11, based entirely upon rumors current in political circles of the county seat, The Miner has the satisfaction of knowing that out of seven men talked of for various offices two have signified no intention of entering the lists. This leaves the political write-up something like 30 percent perfect, which, we respectfully submit, is an excellent average for political forecasts. The many readers of The Miner, however, are aware that news of Chief Solt's and Captain Faust's denial of their candidacies was contained in last week's issue of The Miner.

While "cracker barrel" assemblies are speculating on what the ground hog will have up his sleeve Friday, February 2, a number of local merchants are displaying samples of the latest things in valentines, calculated to hinder the progress of mail carriers on Wednesday, February 14.

EASTER SUNDAY COMES APRIL FIRST THIS YEAR.

With almanacs for 1923 in most every home, it is interesting to note some of the information contained therein that will cause this year to be somewhat different than other years.

Principal an importance for the early part of the year is Easter which will fall on Sunday, April 1, the earliest it has occurred for some years. Last year it fell on Sunday, as in 1915, again in 1934, will be even still earlier in the month, although again on the first Sunday, as in 1915. Again in 1934.

PENNSY R. Y. MODIFIES VEXATIOUS EMBARGO

The strict embargo announced by the Pennsylvania railroad, January 15, was of short duration. Thursday, January 15, freight agents received word of a modification of the embargo, permitting the switching of cars over the lines of the company to other roads, thus remedying an embarrassing situation for oil refineries which were in danger of having to close their plants. Local freight dealers also were relieved of considerable inconvenience.

FILLS HUSBAND'S PULPIT.

Owing to the absence of the pastor, Rev. S. A. Renicks, last Sunday, Mrs. Renicks filled the pulpit of the First Baptist church very ably, both morning and evening. A very generous offering for the Near East was given by the Sunday school amounting to $65. The Blues are still ahead on the trip to Palestine and it is hoped that everyone will be in his place Sunday, both at church and Sunday school. Regular prayer service Thursday night.

CHRISTMAS SEAL SALES.

The entire sales of Christmas seals in McKean county totaled $3,715.20, apportioned as follows: Bradford, $1,794.06; Bradford teachers, $56.56; Kane, $522.04; Duke Center, $123; Mt. Jewett, $89.40; county teachers, $163.82; Smethport, $425.76; Port Allegany, $269.00. Twenty per cent of the total goes to the State Tuberculosis Society. One important move to be inaugurated by the county committee is the establishment of a free tuberculosis clinic at Bradford.

SEIZE MOONSHINE.

Because the cutter in which he was riding through Bradford early Monday morning, broke down, Frank Smith of Duke Center, found himself in a peck of trouble when police took an interest in the situation and discovered six gallons of moonshine in his sleigh. Smith and his six little brown jugs were tenderly gathered in and the officers believe that he had the goods for wholesale business.

GEESE FLY SOUTHWARD.

Old residenters at Sheffield gazed skyward with awe and surprise Tuesday to see a large flock of wild geese soaring southward a short time after the noon hour which was the first time that the birds have flown south this late in the winter months in their recollection. The birds made all kinds of noise in their journey so that they were wont to call attention to their direction.

The I. O. O. F. and Rebekah lodges will give a supper and dance Wednesday evening, January 31, at Odd Fellows hall. Attendance limited to Odd Fellows, their wives and sweethearts. Supper 75c; dancing free. 1t.

Everybody needs to be checked up.

Mussare Brothers

Continued from Page 1.

Tony Mussare is a young man who speaks English with difficulty. He insists that he was merely firing in selfdefense when the fatal fusilade occurred. Had he not beaten Feracci to the "draw," he says, he would have been shot up just as he succeeded in shooting Feracci.

On Thursday Fred Mussare was arrived at Olean and later was brought to the county jail.

The victim, Feracci, was about 36 years old. He leaves a widow and three children who live at Lewis Run.

BILL SAM'S DICTIONARY

By J. L. MARTIN

Ace Doolittle says that if he doesn't make enough this year to pay his rent, he is going to take advantage of the bankruptcy law, or else put all of his property in his wife's name and tell his creditors to come and get him.

BANKRUPTCY LAW: A law that excuses a fellow from paying his just and honest debts. Bill Sam's Dictionary, page 114. See Homestead Law.

DIVORCE NOTICES

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Milton J. Klein
vs.
Mary A. Klein.

No. 88. October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Milton J. Klein did on the 10th day of July, 1922, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Mary A. Klein.

We therefore command you, the said Mary A. Klein, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Milton J. Klein your husband should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
McVin & McVin,
Attys for Libellant

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Sarah Glassman
vs.
Arthur Glassman

No. 122, October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Sarah Glassman did on the 31st day of July, 1922, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Arthur Glassman.

We therefore command you, the said Arthur Glassman that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Sarah Glassman your wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
R. B. Stone,
Atty for Libellant

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Paul Simmons
vs.
Willia Simmons

No. 190, October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Paul Simmons did on the 2nd day of September, 1922, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Willia Simmons.

We therefore command you, the said Willa Simmons that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Paul Simmons your husband should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
Brown, Schoonmaker & Nash,
Attys for Libellant

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Fern G. Nichols
vs.
James Baird Nichols

No. 181, October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Fern G. Nichols did on the 26th day of August, 1922, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you James Baird Nichols.

We therefore command you, the said James Baird Nichols that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Fern G. Nichols your wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
Brown, Schoonmaker & Nash,
Attys for Libellant

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Clare M. Sawyer
vs.
Myra B. Sawyer.

No. 58, February Term, 1919.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Clare M. Sawyer did on the 16th day of January, 1919, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Myra B. Sawyer.

We therefore command you, the said Myra B. Sawyer that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Clare M. Sawyer your husband should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
C. W. Catlin,
Atty for Libellant.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Paul Simmons your husband should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
Brown, Schoonmaker & Nash,
Attys for Libellant

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Edward A. Reppert
vs.
Mary Reppert

No. 113, October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Edward A. Reppert did on the 25th day of July, 1922, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Mary Reppert.

We therefore command you, the said Mary Reppert that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Edward Reppert your husband should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
Mullin & Woods,
Attys for Libellant

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Fern G. Nichols
vs.
James Baird Nichols

No. 181, October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Fern G. Nichols did on the 26th day of August, 1922, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you James Baird Nichols.

We therefore command you, the said James Baird Nichols that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Fern G. Nichols your wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
Brown, Schoonmaker & Nash,
Attys for Libellant

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Mildred Martha Temperino,
Libellant, by her next friend,
Lucy Foust,
vs.
Frank Temperino,
Respondent

No. 63, October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Mildred Martha Temperino, Libellant, by her next friend, Lucy Foust, did on the 29th day of June, 1922, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Frank Temperino.

We therefore command you, the said Frank Temperino, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Mildred Martha Temperino, Libellant, your wife, by her next friend, Lucy Foust, should not be divorced from the bond of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
Robert J. Campbell,
Atty for Libellant

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Estelle Maud Imhoff
vs.
Oswald Imhoff

No. 107, October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Estelle Maud Imhoff did on the 19th day of July, 1922, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that she might be divorced from the bond of matrimony entered into with you Oswald Imhoff.

We therefore command you, the said Oswald Imhoff that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Estelle Maud Imhoff your wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
Robert J. Campbell,
Atty for Libellant.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Berle A. Newkirk
vs.
Etta M. Newkirk.

No. 189, October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Berle A. Newkirk did on the 31st day of August, 1922, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Etta M. Newkirk.

We therefore command you the said Etta M. Newkirk that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Berle Newkirk your husband should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
W. E. Burdick,
Atty for Libellant.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Jay L. Gallup
vs.
Alice Gallup

No. 150, October Term, 1922.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

Whereas Jay L. Gallup did on the 14th day of August, 1922, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the Court of Common Pleas therein set forth that he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Alice Gallup.

We therefore command you, the said Alice Gallup that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, next, and show cause, if any you have why the said Jay L. Gallup your husband should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

J. F. ROBINSON, Sheriff.
C. W. Catlin,
Atty for Libellant

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa.
January 25th, 1923. 4-4t

MYSTERY, FIRE CALLS DEPARTMENT AT EARLY HOUR SUNDAY MORNING

A fire alarm at 5 o'clock Sunday morning summonded the fire department to the home of Mrs. Minnie Barrett in Mill street, where a mattress which had caught fire in some mysterious manner, menaced the residence entire.

Patrick Keefe, an employe of the Interstate Glass company, discovered the fire shortly after his return from work, and Frank Milroy, summoned by Mr. Keefe, sent in the alarm. By the time the firemen arrived, however, the fire was out. Mr. Keefe, with the assistance of Mrs. Barrett, having thrown the burning mattress from the window, not, however, without Mrs. Barrett having her hands burned so severely that the services of Dr. Ostrander were required. How the mattress caught fire is unknown.

VICINITY NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Hyde motored to Bradford, Friday.

Carl Tanner and Otto Oberlund are confined to their home with grippe.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Love, who have been confined to th ir home by illness, are better at this writing.

Nelson Stickles is on the sick list.

Grace Wills was a Sunday guest of Aubrey Hyde.

Allan Hyde of Bradford spent Sunday here.

Mrs. Lewis Jenkins of Smethport was a Sunday guest of Mrs. Jessie Curtis.

Roy Dickinson of East Smethport is confined to his home by sickness.

Mrs. E. G. Peterson of Eldred spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Nourse.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gallup are on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Nourse were Sunday guests at F. H. Nourse's.

Edith Cory of Kane spent Sunday with friends here.

B. L. Hyde was a business visitor in Olean, Monday.

RESOLUTION OF RESPECT

Whereas, Our heavenly father has called from our midst our sister Mrs. Lorena Burdick, and it is with sorrow that we bow our heads in humble submission to His will and say with heavy hearts, "Thy will be done."

Hattie Lathrop,
Gusta Walters,
Bessie McKiernan.

Sometimes any decision is better than no decision.

The right man can make a good job ant of any job.

MR. DAIRYMAN:

YOUR COWS ARE ENTITLED TO GOOD ENSILAGE.

Good Ensilage Reduces your feed bills, but you must start by having good seed.

KNOW THE SOURCE OF YOUR SEED.

If in doubt consult your County Farm Bureau Agent.

OUR WEST BRANCH SWEEPSTAKES

is good seed because it is northern grown, a big yielder, has a large well filled ear, and matures early.

For your protection our name is printed on each bag, and our guarantee of better than 90 per cent. germination on each tag.

WEST BRANCH COÖPERATIVE SEED GROWERS ASSOCIATION, Inc.

WILLIAMSPORT, — — PA.

STAR
THEATER
Smethport, Pa.
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, JANUARY 26 and 27.
CONSTANCE TALMADGE in FOLLY OF THE FOOLISH, a great Comedy.
COMEDY—WHEN SUMMER COMES

TUESDAY, JANUARY 30th.
THE SAGEBRUSHER, a good Western.
AESOP'S FABLE.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 31st.
DOUGLAS McLEAN in the Jailbird.
Serial—BUFFALO BILL.
PATHE NEWS.

Coming—MILTON SILLS and a Great cast in ONE CLEAR CALL one of the best pictures of the year.

PERSONALS

Jno. Kraft is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Mrs. I. Lovitz and daughter, Helen, of Bradford spent the week-end in town.

John Connolly who has been ill for the past week is very much improved.

A. H. Bengs, Barney Purtle and Mate Connolly, attended "Red Pepper" in Bradford Tuesday evening.

—Miss Ellen Amberson has just recovered from an attack of the grippe.

Mrs. Ray Abbey was taken to the hospital at Bradford Tuesday for medical treatment.

Mrs. E. W. Workley and son Howard have been ill during the past week.

Rev. and Mrs. Arthur Gregson are suffering from an attack of the grippe.

Miss Julia Fay entertained the Emanon club Monday evening at the home of her brother Frank Fay.

Mrs. H. G. German entertained a number of friends at bridge Friday evening at her home on King street.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Ball entertained a few couples at bridge Saturday evening at their home.

Mrs. Paul Hillery and daughter Frankie expect to leave Saturday for their home in Cambridge Mass. after spending a month with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Hungiville.

Paul Connolly and Lester Kohn attended "Red Pepper" at the Bradford theater Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Frank Dunbar, who has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Geritt, returned to her home in Olean Tuesday.

Mrs. Lena Okerlund is very ill at present with bronchial pneumonia.

St. Priscilla's Guild held a meeting Monday evening a St. Luke's Parish house. The Misses Lucile Marshall and Margaret Fry served refreshments.

Miss Christel Comes entertained the Conoquda Camp Fire girls at her home Tuesday evening.

Mrs. T. H. Purtle was an Olean visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Smith of Mt. Jewett have rented Mrs. Leslie Knights rooms.

C. L. Ir ns was a Bradford visitor Saturday.

Mrs. C. P. Johnson was a Bradford visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hungiville returned from a trip to Buffalo Saturday.

Mrs. Clair White left Monday on a business trip to Buffalo.

Miss Dorothy Apple entertained St. Elizabeths club Tuesday evening at her home on King street.

Mrs. E. Morrow of Hamilton, Canada, who has been the guest of her brother, E. A. Studholme and family, returned home Monday.

Mrs. Helen Morrison, who has been seriously ill, is much improved at present.

Mrs. Gertrude Brown, teacher in the eighth grade, spent Sunday at her home in Salamanca.

Mrs. John Wiant returned Saturday from a visit with friends and relatives in Pittsburgh, and New Bethlehem.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Shattuck of Linesville, Pa., are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. H. L. Barkus and family, this week.

Mrs. Thos H. Morrison entertained the Auction Bridge club Wednesday afternoon at her home on West Main street.

Miss Martha Summersgill gave a coasting party Monday evening, on Mechanic street hill.

The D. of I. held a social meeting Wednesday evening. Miss Anna Flemming of Kane was honored guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Hungerford were Olean visitors Saturday.

Miss Ecelie Freeman will leave Thursday for State College where she will attend school.

Mrs. Paul Hillery and Miss Ruth McCarthy spent Saturday in Olean.

Mrs. Elmer Quirk entertained the Tuesday Bridge club at her home on Mechanic street.

Miss Harriett Ann Jones was an Olean visitor Saturday.

Miss Anna Hogan of Bolivar spent Friday as guest of Mrs. Paul Hillery.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Potter entertained the Consonant Club Thursday at their home on King street.

Miss Rena Boyer entertained a number of her friends at 500 Thursday evening.

Mr. Andy Peterson of Mt. Jewett spent the week-end in town.

F. M. Spangle is a Kane business visitor this week.

Jessie Pelton spent the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Pelton of Farmers Valley.

Ralph Provin was calling on Farmers Valley friends, Sunday evening.

Everybody is taking about the wonderful bargains Monheimer offers. Read his advertisement on this page—it will put you wise.

Mrs. Lee Tachention of Bradford, who was a guest at the home of Mrs. Lydia Howe and family the past two weeks, returned to Bradford, Saturday.

Miss Edith Cory of Kane was a week-end visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Thomas of Crosby.

Mrs. Chris Mecklenberg of Farmers Valley, who has been quite ill, is improving. Her daughter from Texas is at her bedside.

Mrs. C. P. Johnson will entertain the members of the Solen society of the Swedish Lutheran church at her home this Thursday afternoon.

When you want a book, we are in position to order any book on the market. The News Stand, L. E. Gabriel, proprietor.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Raymond left for their home in Mt. Jewett, Monday, after a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Corwin.

The venerable Mrs. L. Scanlon, sr., of Colegrove, is critically ill of pneumonia.

Almond Thomas, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Thomas of Crosby, is recovering from a severe illness. To the many kind friends, who assisted them during the son's illness, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas feel highly grateful.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Young of Midvale, N. J., spent the past three weeks with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Pelton of Farmers Valley. They left for Toledo, O., Monday, where they will spend the winter.

Miss Ruth Howe of the Interstate Window Glass company of Bradford, who was called home during the last illness and death of her father, the late George Howe, returned to Bradford, Sunday.

William Howe of the Wilson-Snyder Manufacturing company of Pittsburgh, who was called here by the death of his father, George Howe, returned to Pittsburgh, Saturday.

All members of the family of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Roundsville of Farmers Valley, including Mr. and Mrs. Willard Roundsville of Clermont, who are visiting the former's parents, are quite ill of the "flu."

Mrs. Estelle Adell Sable passed away at her home in Custer City Sunday morning at 6 o'clock. Her husband, parents, two brothers and two sisters survive. Interment was made in the Degolia cemetery following services at the U. B. church, of which she was a member.

Dorothy Pitchen, 16-month-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Pitchen of Coleville, died at 7 o'clock Saturday morning at the Bradford hospital as the result of pneumonia. Funeral services were held Monday afternoon from Still's undertaking parlors, Bradford.

W. C. Scott of Minneapolis, formerly of Bradford and well known here, died at his home in Minneapolis, Friday. He was once a member of the Scott & Havill Wholesale company of Bradford, from which city he removed three years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Redfield gave a dinner party Monday evening at their home in honor of Miss Mirabel Hamlin of Smethport, and Robert Digel of Coleville, who are to be married in the near future.

MEN
WE'VE GOT
A Bargain
FOR YOU

In fine made-to-order clothes tailored by the Scotch Woolen Mills.

THEY'RE ALL ONE PRICE
Made to order
$25
for any 2-piece Suit
Any full Suit $29.50.

Those are the swellest goods we have seen in a long time—rich exclusive patterns and every thread ALL WOOL or Wool and Silk mixed.

Wm. Monheimer

Several Bradford young people were guests at the affair including Misses Marjory and Reba Davis, Marcia and Cleone Brooks, Dr. Francis DeCarla, Frank Barry, Harold Fox, and Donald Bovard.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Reed are rejoicing over the arrival of a dandy baby boy at their home Tuesday morning.

Physicians report quite an increase in the number of la grippe patients the past week, stating the disease has assumed the proportions of a small-sized epidemic.

Herman Nichols, aged 15 years, charged with setting fire to the Spencer feed mills at Bradford, was received at the county jail, Wednesday, to await action during the February term of court.

The mid-year examinations at the High school which started Wednesday, will continue until Friday afternoon. The new semester starts Monday.

After an illness of several weeks Miss Myrtle Rice is very much better.

Francis Quirk and Ray Abbey made a trip to Salamanca, Wednesday, on business bent.

The lobby of the Grand Central hotel is being prepared for wiring for electric lighting, following which, it will be refinished throughout.

Mr. and Mrs. Eros Grover of Crosby are confined to their home by the grip.

Mrs. Lawrence Axelson is critically ill at her home on Bank St.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Kessler, jr., are recovering from an attack of acute bronchitis.

Roy Dickinson of East Smethport is on the sick list.

John Morgan, little son of James Morgan of Bloomster Hollow, fell down the cellar stairs, Saturday, and gashed his head so severely that several stitches were required to close the wound.

Mrs. John Summersgill returned Wednesday from a visit with friends and relatives in New Jersey.

NOTICE

In re Estate of George E. Howe, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of George E. Howe, late of Keating Township, McKean County, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make known without delay.

LYDIA HOWE,
Administratrix
East Smethport, Pa.
Guy B. Mayo, Attorney for Admrx.
Grange Bank Bldg., Smethport, Pa.
4-6t.

CONDUCTOR KILLED.

Simon Zettig, Pennsylvania freight conductor, met death in the Sheffield railroad yards Monday afternoon. He was run down and crushed by two engines, coupled together. The unfortunate man caught his foot in a frog and before he could extricate himself the engines were upon him. His run was between Kane and Warren.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Sunday, January 28. Morning worship, 10:30; subject: "The Call of Christ to the Daring Soul"; Church school, 11:15; Junior Epworth league, 3; Evening worship, 7:30. Thursday prayer meeting, 7:30. The Ladies' Aid will meet on Thursday afternoon and the Priscilla Club on Friday, 8 p. m.

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

WANTED—Middle-aged housekeeper for elderly man. Must be good worker and neat. P. O. Box 554. 2-4t

FOR RENT—Eight-room apartment in excellent condition. Inquire at Karlen's Tailor Shop. 4-2t

FOR SALE—Overland Roadster, new top and new tires; for sale cheap. Fenton Whelan, Smethport, Pa.

FOR SALE—A full-blood Ayershire heifer calf. G. A. Rockefeller, Farmers Valley. Phone 2R24 3-2t.

WANTED—To rent or work on shares, Dairy Farm, equipped with stock and tools. R. G. Saunders, Smethport, R. F. D. 4-2t

FOR SALE—Young team of work horses, harness, wagons and sleigh; all in good condition and cheap. Myron Schoonmaker, Phone 26-W, Smethport. 3tf.

The OLEAN HERALD gives a most up-to-date account of all the latest news through its full associated Press dispatches. It is one of the livest papers in southern New York and covers a wide range of territory in northwest Pennsylvania.

LIVINGSTON SWEEPERS.

Livingston Sweepers rebuilt and repaired. We expertly repair any make carpet sweeper or vacuum cleaner. Electric or hand sweepers for sale or exchange at cut prices. Livingston Sweeper Co., 31 N. Apple Way New Castle, Pa. 3-3t.*

U. S. GOVERNMENT UNDERWEAR—2,500,000 pc. New Government Wool Underwear purchased by us to sell to the public direct at 75c each. Actual retail value $2.50 each. All sizes, Shirts 34 to 46; Drawers 30 to 44. Send correct sizes. Pay Postman on delivery, or send us money order. If underwear is not satisfactory, we will refund money promptly upon request. Dept. 24. The Pilgrim Woolen Co., 1476 Broadway, New York, N. Y. 47-tf.

COMBINATION OF CAUSES COMPEL SHUT-DOWN OF ALLEGANY GLASS WORKS.

The Allegany glass factory closed down Friday afternoon after running several weeks with the new Hilton machines. The cause of this shutdown was due to a shortage of the pots from which the glass cylinders were drawn. The pots on hand were not up to standard, and lasted but a few days each. Others had been ordered, but could not be delivered in time to keep the factory running. Another cause leading to the shut-down was because the coal supply was getting very low, and it was uncertain as to whether sufficient coal could be secured.

The try-out given the Hilton machines, however, proved that they are a great success, and it is expected that the factory will resume operations in a few months for a long perid of steady activity. It is probable that in the meantime another machine will be installed, and a number of minor improvements made in some of the methods used in operating the present machines.—Port Allegany Reporter.

MEN'S MEET TUESDAY EVE. E. SMETHPORT CHURCH SERVICES SUNDAY EVE.

Last Sunday evening at the East Smethport church Rev. A. L. Pang delivered another of his series of sermons on "The Lords Prayer," taking for his text the words, "Give Us This Day Our Daily Bread," to a goodly attendance. A pleasing feature of the Christian Endeavor meeting last Sunday was the first appearance of the newly-organized orchestra.

Next Sunday's services follow: Class meeting 10:30; Sunday school 11; Christian Endeavor 6:45 p. m. At 7:30 p. m. the longlooked for special men's service will take place and all members are preparing for a large turnout. The newly-organized orchestra will be one of the many features of the occasion.

Rev. Mr. Showers, presiding elder, has completed all arrangements for the apearance of Mrs. Elta A. Risley, missionary from the west coast of Africa; next Wednesday evening, and a cordial invitation is extended everyone to come and hear this distinguished woman. Mrs. Risley is home on a furlough at present. Her lecture Wednesday night will deal with the customs of the natives of Africa and methods employed to convert them to Christianity.

W. C. T. U. MEET MONDAY PROVES GREAT SUCCESS.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union held a mothers' meeting at the Baptist church parlors, Monday evening. A very interesting and instructive program had been arranged by Mrs. A. L. Gallup, superintendent of mother's work in the local union. Several articles on child welfare were read by members, followed by a vocal duet by Misses Edna Bloomster and Margaret Spangle and an excellent address by Mrs. Myra Guenter, county superintendent of mothers' work. Her talk on Christian Citizenship the spirit of lawlessness and the tendency to repeal the Volstead act, showed much thought and study. After the program light refreshments were served by the committee.

There was a good attendance and it is hoped that the mothers of the town will avail themselves of the splendid opportunities for instruction through these mothers' meetings.

Did you ever notice that the smartest boy or girl in school usually becomes a teacher—the system is for teachers rather than actual workers.

JAMES R. HARTNETT DIES AS RESULT OF INJURIES SUSTAINED IN AUTO WRECK

James Raymond Hartnett, aged 39 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Hartnett, of 21 Edna avenue, Bradford, who was injured in an automobile accident about two weeks ago, died last Wednesday afternoon at the Bradford hospital.

Mr. Hartnett was born in Bradford and had lived there practically all his life. He was an employe of the Tidewater Oil company in the capacity of gauger, for many years. He was a member of St. Bernard's church, Knights of Columbus, and the Elk lodge.

Beside his parents, he is survived by three sisters, Blanche, Katherine and Gertrude Hartnett, all of Bradford, and one brother, Frank Hartnett, of Coleville, Pa.

SCHOOL PUPILS ILL.

Between ninety and one hundred pupils of the Bradford High school are being kept at their homes, owing to illness, the list of sick being largest in a number of years. Nearly all of the pupils out are ill of colds, grip, and throat trouble, there being a sort of epidemic of these diseases about town at this time.

THE FARMER'S NEW YEAR

Just as this bank has stood by the farmer when crops were poor, and while prices are low, so it has resolved to go with him every step of the way through the new year.

We mean to do all within our power to help each farmer, who will use this bank, to benefit by the better times which seem to be just ahead.

MEMBER
GRANGE NATIONAL BANK
SMETHPORT, PA.
MEMBER FEDERAL BANK

Good Things to Eat
BEST MEALS OBTAINABLE
FINE CANDIES.
ICE CREAM AND DAINTY LUNCHES.
You Know the Place.
L. E. MUNN RESTAURANT
A WELCOME AWAITS YOU.

"Where do You Bank?"

Often you are asked this question, and sometimes your credit and standing are helped more than you think by the answer.

The individual or firm that banks here, gets every facility of a progressive bank, as well as that prestige which attaches to a banking institution long established and widely known for its financial stability.

Hamlin Bank & Trust Company
"THE BANK THAT TAKES CARE OF ITS CUSTOMERS."

Chronology of The Year 1922

Compiled by E. W. PICKARD

(©, 1922, Western Newspaper Union.)

INTERNATIONAL

Jan. 2—War between Russia and Finland began over alleged Finnish aid to Karelian rebels.

Jan. 6—Allied supreme council called economic and financial congress to meet in Genoa on March 8, Germany and Russia included.

Jan. 7—Conference at Washington adopted resolutions prohibiting submarine operations against merchantmen and hunting poison gas in warfare.

Jan. 8—Briand agreed at Cannes to partial moratorium for Germany in return for definitive alliance for France with Great Britain.

Jan. 20—Shantung controversy between China and Japan settled.

Feb. 1—Washington conference adopted five-power naval limitation treaty with agreement on Pacific fortifications, adopted resolutions declaring open door in China; approved treaty for restriction of use of submarines and poison gas in warfare; Mr. Balfour announced Great Britain would restore Wei-Hai-Wei to China.

Feb. 4—Washington conference approved treaty relating to China and resolution creating international commission to review the rules of warfare.

Feb. 6—Delegates to Washington conference signed all the treaties and the conference adjourned sine die.

Feb. 10—President Harding submitted Washington conference treaties, with full minutes of conference, to the Senate.

Feb. 11—United States and Japan signed treaty defining rights of former on Yap and other islands mandated to Japan.

Feb. 15—International permanent court of justice held first session in The Hague.

Lloyd George and Poincare agreed on 50-year Anglo-French pact and postponed Genoa conference to April 10.

Feb. 28—Premier Lloyd George announced Great Britain abandoned protectorate of Egypt.

March 1—United States senate ratified Yap treaty with Japan.

March 24—United States senate ratified four-power Pacific treaty.

March 27—United States senate ratified supplement to Pacific treaty, excluding Japanese mandated, and reservation straightening out tangle over declaration on domestic affairs.

March 29—United States senate ratified naval limitation treaty and treaty on use of poison gas and submarines in warfare.

April 1—United States senate ratified nine-power treaty concerning China and treaty by Chinese tariff.

April 7—Germany rejected allied reparation commission's demand that she obtain $500,000,000 in additional taxes.

April 9—Columbia and Venezuela signed boundary treaty.

April 10—Opening conference of Genoa economic and financial conference accepted the four demands of the allied nations.

April 16—Germany and Russia concluded treaty establishing war debts and Great Russian treaty and establishing diplomatic relations. Representatives of allies at Genoa conference surprised and angered.

April 17—Peace parley between Japan and Far Eastern Republic opened.

April 19—Allied and Baltic entente powers at Genoa barred Germany from participation in conference on Russia.

April 20—German delegates at Genoa agreed to keep out of discussions of Russian affairs.

April 24—France and Japan at Genoa reached accord to oppose recognition of Soviet Russia. Conference deadlocked by Russia's huge bill demands.

May 1—Soviet Russia in great May day demonstration at Moscow, called the "capitalistic nations of the world."

May 2—Memorandum of allies' conditions for helping Russia handed to Soviet delegates at Genoa. Belgium refused to sign and France made reservation.

May 3—France withdrew her assent to proposals made to the Russian government by Genoa conference. French press charged Lloyd George with trickery concerning Russian oil fields.

May 11—Russians at Genoa replied evasively to allied proposals.

May 14—Allies at Genoa invited United States to participate in new negotiations with Russia to begin at The Hague June 15.

May 17—United States declined invitation to The Hague conference. Russia agreed to participate.

Germany and Poland signed treaty settling Upper Silesia disputes.

Great Britain asked United States, France and Italy to co-operate with her in Smyrna and in stopping Turkish atrocities in Asia Minor.

Tacna-Arica conference between Chile and Peru opened in Washington.

May 18—Powers at Genoa adopted eight months' truce with Russia and other soviet republics.

May 31—Genoa conference adjourned, Lloyd George warning the Russians to be more reasonable.

May 31—International bankers' committee met in Paris to plan schedule recovery for Europe.

June 1—United States agreed to help investigate Turkish atrocities.

June 6—France refused to agree to cessation of German reparations.

June 10—Hague preliminary conference on Russian affairs opened.

June 15—Soviet delegation joined in conference at The Hague and insisted credits in Russia should be first topic handled.

July 1—Genoa completed ratification of all the West European conference treaties.

July 6—Russia at The Hague, after accepting "invites" limited offered 500 to 1,000 words in credits.

July 7—Russia refused to give allies control of railways. Lloyd George from Paris declared allies had no intention of interfering in Russian affairs.

July 8—League of Nations council met in London with the Japanese, American and Chinese delegates present. Lloyd George reached Paris.

July 11—Russia and Esthonia signed treaty of peace and agreed to boundaries. Russia and Latvia signed treaty of peace. Russia and United States signed agreement for relief of Russian famine sufferers.

July 15—Russia and League of Nations agreed to meet on basis of Russia accepting all debts and claims against her.

July 17—Russia and Poland signed treaty of peace and agreed to boundaries.

July 20—Council of allied governments agreed on 15 months' moratorium for Germany.

July 21—France and Japan at Genoa reached accord to oppose recognition of Soviet Russia. Conference deadlocked by Russia's huge bill demands.

July 24—Treaty of peace between Russia and Soviet Republic of Armenia signed.

July 25—Allied and Baltic entente powers at Genoa barred Germany from participation in conference on Russia.

July 26—Russia withdrew her assent to proposals made to the Russian government by Genoa conference. French press charged Lloyd George with trickery concerning Russian oil fields.

July 31—Russians at Genoa replied evasively to allied proposals.

Aug. 1—Allies at Genoa invited United States to participate in new negotiations with Russia to begin at The Hague June 15.

Aug. 2—United States declined invitation to The Hague conference. Russia agreed to participate.

Aug. 3—France withdrew her assent to proposals made to the Russian government by Genoa conference. French press charged Lloyd George with trickery concerning Russian oil fields.

Aug. 11—Russians at Genoa replied evasively to allied proposals.

Aug. 14—Allies at Genoa invited United States to participate in new negotiations with Russia to begin at The Hague June 15.

Aug. 15—Germany defaulted on payment of $31,000,000 installment of pre-war debts; declared no result.

Aug. 27—Turks opened great offensive against Greeks in Asia Minor.

Aug. 31—Reparation commission granted Germany 30 months' respite.

Sept. 2—Turkish forces routed by the Turks offered to evacuate Asia Minor if Turkey would sign armistice.

Sept. 4—League of Nations met in Geneva. Augustin Edwards of Chile elected president.

Sept. 6—Gen. Trikoupis, new Greek commander in chief, captured by Turks.

Council of League of Nations blocked all plans for restoring of Austria with any other nation.

Sept. 8—Greeks began evacuation of Smyrna.

Sept. 9—Turkish Nationalists occupied Smyrna.

Sept. 12—France and Great Britain accepted Lord Robert Cecil's plan for international company association against war.

Sept. 13—Western portion of Smyrna burned; loss $50,000,000; many lives lost.

Germany refused to deposit gold guarantee demanded by Belgium and defaulted on payment of private pre-war debts to allied nationals.

Sept. 15—Great Britain invited the dominions, France, Italy, Serbia, Rumania and Greece to join in the defense of the Dardanelles.

Sept. 16—France and Italy opposed military operations against Turks.

Sept. 18—Entire British Atlantic fleet sent to Dardanelles.

Hungary admitted to League of Nations.

Sept. 19—Kemal Pasha demanded of allies immediate conference on guarantees for neutrality of the Straits and permission to send troops into Thrace.

Sept. 20—Allies agreed to conference of eight nations on Near East, excluding Russia.

Sept. 23—Allies invited Turks to peace conference, agreeing to return Constantinople, Adrianople and Thrace in return for freedom of the Dardanelles.

Sept. 25—Great Britain agreed to admit Russia to Near East conference concerning the Dardanelles.

Sept. 26—Greek troops revolted and King Constantine abdicated.

Russia, in note to the allies, demanded the restoration of Turkey in Europe.

Sept. 28—Kemal Pasha accepted allies' invitation to armistice parley, and to peace conference on condition that Constantinople and all of Thrace be ceded at once to Nationalist government.

Oct. 1—Turk Nationalists agreed to armistice conference at Mudania on Oct. 3 and suspended military operations.

Oct. 3—Armistice conference opened at Mudania.

Oct. 10—Allies, Greeks and Turkish Nationalists agreed to armistice convention at Mudania, providing for evacuation of Thrace by Greece within 15 days and its delivery to Turkey within 45 days.

Oct. 11—Mudania protocol signed.

Oct. 23—United States invited Central American republics to conference on limitation of armament and other subjects, in Washington Dec. 4.

Oct. 27—Allies invited United States to participate in Near East conference at Lausanne, Switzerland, Nov. 13. Secretary Hughes replied United States would send observers. Russia invited to part of conference dealing with the Dardanelles.

Oct. 29—Turkey and Russia opened conference for economic accord.

Nov. 12—Lausanne conference postponed to Nov. 20.

Nov. 20—Near East peace conference at Lausanne opened, with return to secret diplomacy in effect.

Nov. 21—Eastern Thrace and Adrianople turned over to the Turks.

Dec. 2—Russia and nations on her western border opened limitation of armament conference.

Dec. 4—Conference of Central American republics opened in Washington.

Nov. 30—Allies demanded from Germany apology and indemnity for attack on allied officers in Bavaria.

Dec. 5—British troops forced Turks to let Christian refugees leave Constantinople.

Dec. 6—Allies presented plan for control of Dardanelles to Lausanne conference. America's position stayed.

Dec. 8—Turkey's plan for Dardanelles submitted at Lausanne. Virtually accepted by the allies.

Dec. 9—Allied premiers met in London to consider German reparations.

Dec. 10—German reparations plan rejected by allied premiers.

Shantung province formally restored to China by Japan.

Dec. 11—Conference of allied premiers adjourned to Jan. 2. France insisting on forcible occupation of the Ruhr.

Dec. 12—Baltic states served ultimatum on Russia; all dealings with Russia rejected and disarmament conference went on record.

Dec. 13—Turkey agreed to join League of Nations when peace is signed and to accept mandate for protection of minorities.

FOREIGN

Jan. 7—Dail Eireann accepted Irish peace treaty by vote of 64 to 57. De Valera and followers decided to continue the fight.

Jan. 9—De Valera resigned presidency of Irish republic and was defeated for re-election, 58 to 60.

Jan. 10—Arthur Griffith elected president of Dail Eireann to establish the Irish Free State. De Valera and followers bolted.

Jan. 12—Premier Briand of France resigned because his policies at Cannes conference were opposed. Poincare made premier.

Jan. 14—Parliament of southern Ireland ratified peace treaty. Michael Collins at head of provisional government.

Jan. 16—Provisional government of Irish Free State installed at Dublin Castle.

Feb. 2—Premier Bonomi of Italy and his cabinet resigned.

Feb. 6—Cardinal Achille Ratti, archbishop of Milan, elected pope, taking name of Pius XI.

Feb. 12—Pius XI crowned pope.

Feb. 22—Free State and republic advocates in Ireland agreed to have referendum on treaty with England and Free State constitution three months hence and to hold no elections until then.

Feb. 23—Japanese diet rejected universal suffrage measure.

Feb. 25—New Italian cabinet formed by Luigi Facta.

Feb. 28—Princess Mary of England married to Viscount Lascelles.

March 2—Lady Rhondda won seat in house of lords; creating precedent.

March 30—Irish Free State and Ulster representatives signed peace pact.

Two Portuguese aviators flew from Lisbon to the Canaries on way to Brazil.

March 31—King George signed Irish Free State pact.

April 5—Portuguese aviators, en route to Brazil, flew from Camiras to Cape Verde islands.

April 18—Portuguese aviators flew from Cape Verde islands to St. Paul's Rock, 1,000 miles, but wrecked their plane on landing.

April 21—Gen. Chang Tso Ling, governor of Manchuria, seized Peking and Tien Tsin.

April 28—Great battle between armies of Generals Chang and Wu Pei-Fu opened near Peking.

May 3—Gen. Juan Vincente Gomez elected president of Venezuela.

May 4—General Wu's army victorious in battle near Peking; General Chang's army in flight.

May 9—Russian government passed decree recognizing property rights within certain limits.

June 1—Old Chinese parliament met and President Li resigned.

Paraguay in throes of a revolution.

June 7—General Obligado elected president of Mexico-state government.

June 8—Portuguese aviators completed their flight from Lisbon to Brazil.

Japanese cabinet resigned.

June 11—Premier Alexander of Jugo Slavia and Princess Marie of Rumania married at Belgrade.

June 12—Japanese cabinet resigned.

June 17—Li Yuan-Hung elected president of China and made Wu Ting-fang premier.

Admiral Kato became premier of Japan.

June 18—General Chen captured Canton and Sun Yat Sen fled.

National election held in Ireland; advocates of treaty winning.

June 22—Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson, M. P. for an Ulster district, assassinated by two gunmen in London.

June 24—Dr. Walter Rathenau, German foreign minister, assassinated in Berlin.

July 10—Big revolution in Brazil crushed after several weeks' fighting.

July 15—Facta cabinet in Italy resigned, owing to actions of the Fascisti.

July 25—Bavarian government rejected national German legislation for defense of the republic.

Aug. 2—Former Premier Facta formed new Italian cabinet.

Aug. 5—The Fascisti captured palace at Genoa in face of heavy gun fire of regulars. Martial law proclaimed in several provinces.

Aug. 12—Cork, last stronghold of Irish rebels, taken by Irish Nationalists.

Aug. 14—Peace parley between warring factions in China opened in Shanghai.

Aug. 23—Re-elected Sun, military master of China, accepted policy of Dr. Sun for reorganization of China, like the United States.

Aug. 22—Michael Collins, head of Irish Free State, killed in ambuscade.

Aug. 27—Sweden by popular vote rejected prohibition.

Aug. 30—General Crowder gave Cuba ten days to act on his legislative reform plan.

Sept. 1—Brazil began celebration of one hundredth anniversary of her independence.

Sept. 9—William Cosgrave elected president of Irish provisional government.

Sept. 26—Greek troops revolted and King Constantine abdicated.

Sept. 27—Crown Prince George sworn in as king of Greece.

Raisuli, famous Moroccan bandit, surrendered to the Spanish.

Oct. 15—King Ferdinand and Queen Marie of Rumania crowned at Alba Julia.

Oct. 19—British conservatives decided to abandon coalition; Prime Minister Lloyd George and his cabinet resigned. A. Bonar Law invited to form new ministry.

Oct. 21—New provisional government of Dominican Republic inaugurated.

Oct. 23—Bonar Law elected head of Conservative party and accepted the post of prime minister.

Oct. 24—Bonar Law announced his cabinet, and an election was called for Nov. 15.

Oct. 25—Japanese evacuated Vladivostok and troops of Far Eastern Republic occupied the city.

Oct. 26—Italian Fascisti prepared for militant action and Premier Facta and his cabinet resigned.

King George dissolved British parliament and called new one to meet Nov. 20.

Oct. 23—King of Italy invited Mussolini, head of the Fascisti, to form a new ministry.

Oct. 30—Premier Mussolini announced new Italian cabinet.

Oct. 31—Gen. Francisco Murguia, Mexican rebel chieftain, captured and shot.

Nov. 1—Angora National assembly declared the sultanate of Turkey dethroned, declared the sovereignty of the nation is in the hands of the people and changed the name from Ottoman empire to State of Turkey.

Nov. 4—Turkish Nationalists took possession of Constantinople and asked the allies to remove their troops.

Nov. 5—Ex-Kaiser Wilhelm's married Princess Hermine of Reuss at Doorn, Holland.

Allies refused to evacuate Constantinople.

Nov. 13—King of Italy gave Mussolini ministry full power to make governmental reforms.

Nov. 14—German Chancellor Wirth and his cabinet resigned under pressure of supporting parties.

Nov. 15—Prime Minister Bonar Law won control of house of commons in British elections.

Arthur Bernardes inaugurated president of Brazil.

Nov. 16—Wilhelm Cuno accepted German chancellorship.

Nov. 17—Turkish National assembly ordered arrest and trial of the sultan, and he started for Malta on a British warship.

Nov. 18—Abdul Medjid Effendi, cousin of deposed sultan, elected caliph by Turkish National assembly.

General Feng lead coup d'etat in Peking, establishing martial law and ousting the cabinet. Dr. W. W. Yen assumed premiership.

Nov. 20—Cuno named new German ministry, Socialists and Communists being not represented.

Nov. 24—Erskine Childers, chief aid of De Valera, executed by Irish Free State authorities.

Nov. 25—Italian parliament gave Premier Mussolini full power to carry out reforms.

German Chancellor Cuno given big vote of confidence by Reichstag.

Nov. 28—Five former cabinet members of Greece and one general were convicted of treason in connection with the Greek debacle in Asia Minor and were executed. Great Britain protested and broke off diplomatic relations.

Dec. 2—Prince Andrew of Greece degraded and exiled for high treason.

Dec. 7—Parliament passed Irish constitution bill, Timothy Healy appointed governor general of Irish Free State.

Dec. 6—Irish Free State became into being.

Dec. 7—Ulster parliament voted to stay out of Irish Free State.

Dec. 8—Liam Mellowes and Rory O'Connor, Irish rebel leaders, executed in Dublin.

Dec. 9—Gabriel Narutowicz elected president of Poland.

Dec. 11—Pope held secret consistory and created eight new cardinals.

Dec. 17—President Narutowicz of Poland assassinated.

Ukraine parliament voted to merge with Moscow government.

Dec. 17—Moscow government ordered consuls of eleven nations to leave Vladivostok.

DOMESTIC

Jan. 3—Henry P. Fletcher appointed ambassador to Belgium.

Jan. 9—George Wharton Pepper appointed United States senator from Pennsylvania to succeed the late Boies Penrose.

Jan. 12—Senate by vote of 48 to 41 seated Truman H. Newberry of Michigan, with rebuke for lavish expenditure of money in campaign.

Jan. 26—House passed anti-lynching bill.

Jan. 31—Senate passed foreign debt refunding bill, putting limit for payment at 25 years.

Feb. 3—House accepted refunding bill as passed by senate.

Feb. 7—A. B. Houghton appointed ambassador to Germany, Theodore Brentano minister to Hungary and A. H. Washburn minister to Austria.

Feb. 8—Senate passed the house cooperative marketing bill.

Feb. 17—Charles A. Rawson appointed United States senator from Iowa to succeed Kenyon.

Feb. 18—Federal Judge K. M. Landis resigned, effective March 1.

Feb. 27—Supreme court ruled Nineteenth or woman's suffrage, amendment is constitutional.

Feb. 28—President Harding, in address to congress, urged subsidies for American merchant marine which will amount to $15,000,000 in first year and $30,000,000 annually thereafter.

March 2—Dr. Hubert Work appointed postmaster general.

March 2—House of representatives passed soldiers' bonus bill.

March 27—House voted to add $16,000,000 to rivers and harbors appropriation.

March 29—House passed army bill with appropriations for army of 115,000.

April 15—House, in committee of the whole, voted, 177 to 170, to amend navy bill to provide for 86,000 men instead of 67,000.

Senate voted to extend 3 per cent immigration law for three years.

April 19—House clinched "big navy" action by vote of 223 to 145 and then passed the bill.

April 20—Pan-American meeting of women opened in Baltimore.

April 21—Congress appropriated $1,000,000 for flood control and relief in Mississippi river valley.

May 1—United States Supreme court found packers' control act constitutional.

May 2—Former Senator Albert J. Beveridge defeated Senator New in the Indiana Republican primaries. Samuel M. Ralston nominated by the Democrats.

May 5—House passed $17,000,000 soldier hospital bill.

May 20—A. H. Geissler, Dickthorn, appointed minister to Guatemala.

May 24—Interstate commerce commission ordered rail freight rates reduced about 10 per cent, effective July 1.

May 30—Lincoln memorial at Washington dedicated.

June 2—Senate passed army bill providing for army of 132,000 enlisted men.

June 5—United States Supreme court held labor organizations could be sued for violations of Sherman, anti-trust law.

June 13—Senate passed navy appropriation bill, providing for 86,000 enlisted men.

Minnesota Republicans renominated United States Senator F. B. Kellogg, and Democrats renominated Mrs. Anna D. Olesen.

June 21—Illinois Supreme court upheld the convictions of William Bross Lloyd and 18 other members of the Communist-Labor party for sedition.

June 22—Striking miners in Williamson county, Illinois, slaughtered 19 strike-breakers and mine guards.

June 24—Gov. Len Small of Illinois found not guilty of conspiracy to defraud the state.

June 27—Wisconsin Democrats nominated Mrs. Ben O. Harper of Oshkosh for United States senator.

June 28—Senator J. E. McCumber defeated for renomination by Republican primaries of North Dakota by Lynn J. Frazier.

July 1—General Lord succeeded General Dawes as director of the budget.

July 11—James R. Wilkerson named to succeed K. M. Landis as United States district judge.

July 18—Robert B. Howell nominated for senate by Republicans of Nebraska and Senator Hitchcock renominated by Democrats.

Aug. 1—John W. Davis elected president American Bar association.

Aug. 15—Mad. David A. Reed appointed to succeed the late United States Senator Crow of Pennsylvania.

Aug. 18—Senate passed the McCumber tariff bill.

Aug. 23—House passed bill to create coal investigating commission.

Aug. 24—Secretary of State Hughes called for Brazil.

Aug. 28—Senator Hiram Johnson renominated by California Republicans.

Aug. 31—Senate passed soldiers' bonus bill.

House passed emergency fuel bill, designed to prevent profiteering in coal.

Sept. 1—House passed bill to prevent forced dismissal of 1,000 army officers.

Sept. 3—Associate Justice John A. Clarke resigned from Supreme court.

Sept. 5—Republicans of Wisconsin renominated Senator LaFollette and Governor J. J. Blaine.

Former Senator George H. Sutherland appointed to Supreme court.

Senate passed the emergency fuel bill.

Sept. 7—Senate passed Borah bill creating joint investigating commission.

Sept. 11—Senate bonus bill accepted by conference.

Republicans won Maine election by normal majority. Senator Hale and Governor Baxter running unopposed.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, Senator Townsend of Michigan and Senator Poindexter of Washington renominated Republicans.

Senate adopted conference report on tariff bill.

Sept. 21—President Harding vetoed the soldiers' bonus bill.

Senate adopted conference report on tariff bill.

Sept. 20—House overrode President's veto of bonus bill, but senate sustained it.

Sept. 21—President signed tariff bill.

Sept. 22—Congress adjourned.

Conrad E. Spens appointed federal fuel distributor.

Sept. 23—Herrin mine mass-acre grand jury completed its work, having returned 214 indictments.

Triennial conclave of Episcopalian church closed, denying members marriage with divorcees, refusing women place in church management, and passing other important church legislation.

Six killed in crash of army bombing planes at Minola, L. I.

Sept. 25—G. A. R. in annual encampment at Des Moines, Ia.

Sept. 26—United States Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey renominated.

Sept. 29—Dr. J. W. Willett of Tama, Ia., elected commander in chief of G. A. R.

Oct. 3—Mrs. W. H. Felton appointed United States senator from Georgia, to succeed the late Senator Thomas Watson.

Oct. 4—Attorney General Daugherty in sweeping decision ruled liquor off of American ships throughout the world and barred foreign ships from American ports if they have liquor aboard, sealed or unsealed.

Oct. 10—President Harding appointed the coal fact finding commission.

Oct. 16—Great Britain rejected Secretary Hughes' appeal for treaty granting reciprocal right of search and seizure of ships outside territorial limits.

American legion convention opened in New Orleans.

Oct. 20—Alvin M. Owsley of Texas elected national commander of American Legion.

Oct. 23—Judge Hand in New York federal court upheld Attorney General Daugherty's ruling against all ships bringing liquor into United States ports.

Oct. 31—Supreme Court Justice W. R. Day resigned, effective Nov. 11.

Nov. 7—Elections resulted generally in Democratic victories, Republican majority in congress greatly reduced.

Nov. 9—President Harding called extra session of congress for Nov. 20.

Nov. 11—United States Supreme court held Filipinos are not eligible to naturalization.

Nov. 17—Truman H. Newberry resigned senatorship from Michigan.

Nov. 20—Extra session of congress opened.

Nov. 21—President Harding asked congress to reconsider subsidy bill.

Mrs. W. H. Felton sworn in to act for a year as senator from Georgia.

Nov. 22—Floyd Olson of St. Paul, Minn., appointed associate justice of Supreme court to succeed Justice Day.

Nov. 24—Government began series of suits against contractors who built war camps, alleging fraudulent expenditures.

Nov. 27—Senate defeated the bill for a loan of $5,000,000 to Liberia.

Nov. 29—Governor Small of Illinois pardoned William Bross Lloyd and 15 other Communists convicted of violating the state espionage law.

House passed ship subsidy bill.

Mayor James Couzens of Detroit appointed United States senator to fill out term of Truman H. Newberry, resigned.

Dec. 4—Extra session of congress ended and regular session began. President submitted second annual budget calling for $3,678,840,231 for fiscal year 1924.

Dec. 5—Two army officers and four enlisted men killed in airplane collision at Langley field.

Dec. 8—President Harding in message to congress called for strict and literal enforcement of the prohibition law, a thoroughgoing agricultural credit system, improvement of transportation and outlawing of railroad strikes, and provision for drafting in war all national resources.

Dec. 12—New Illinois constitution rejected by people.

Dec. 15—Representative T. W. Harrison of Virginia, Democrat, unseated for election irregularities.

Dec. 16—Associate Justice Pitney of United States Supreme court resigned.

Dec. 18—Governors of 16 states conferred with President Harding on prohibition enforcement.

House passed navy bill appropriating $335,000,000.

INDUSTRIAL

Jan. 22—United States railway labor board announced new code of working rules that reduces pay and saves roads $50,000,000 annually.

Jan. 30—Omaha packing house butchers called off their strike.

Jan. 31—Judge Landis made final wage award for 1922 for Chicago building trades.

Feb. 3—Chicago Building Trades council accepted the Landis wage award.

April 1—Union anthracite and bituminous coal miners began strike.

May 10—United States labor board forbade railroads to use contract system of farming out jobs.

May 26—United States railway labor board cut wages of maintenance of way employees 12.2 per cent—about $60,000,000 a year.

June 6—United States railway labor board cut about $90,000,000 on the yearly pay of railroad shopmen; union heads ordered strike ballots sent out.

June 16—United States railway labor board reduced wages of clerks, signalmen and stationary firemen about $20,000,000 a year.

June 23—Samuel Gompers re-elected president of American Federation of Labor.

July 1—Railway shopmen went on strike.

July 3—United States rail labor board outlawed the striking mechanical crafts unions.

July 4—Railroad maintenance of way employees postponed strike indefinitely.

July 10—President Harding proposed that striking coal miners return to work at old scale and that new scale be arbitrated.

July 11—President Harding issued proclamation warning striking shopmen against interfering with mails or interstate transportation.

July 14—Railway stationary engineers, firemen and oilers ordered to strike on July 17.

July 17—President Harding's arbitration plan failing of acceptance, he told the mine operators to reopen their mines under protection of federal troops and the flag.

Sheriff and four others killed in mine-strike fight at Cliftonville, W. Va.

July 22—A. F. of L. inquiry board upheld Landis award in Chicago and recommended reorganization of local building trades council.

July 25—Interstate commerce commission, declaring existence of national emergency because of the strikes, took charge of traffic distribution of fuel and food.

Aug. 1—Chicago street car and elevated employees struck against reduced pay.

Railway executives rejected President Harding's plan that strikers returning to work be reinstated in seniority rights.

Aug. 2—Rail strikers accepted President Harding's plan with reservations.

Aug. 4—Chicago street car strike settled by compromise.

Aug. 7—President Harding proposed that striking shopmen return to work and that both sides submit seniority question to labor board.

Aug. 10—Brotherhood men refused to move trains on the Santa Fe system unless guards were withdrawn from shop towns.

Aug. 11—Many trains in West tied up by sporadic strikes of brotherhood men.

Aug. 13—Railway executives accepted President Harding's plan, with conditions. Striking shopmen rejected it.

Aug. 15—Operators and miners signed agreement at Cincinnati ending coal strike except in Indiana and Illinois. Former wage scale holds.

Aug. 18—President Harding laid industrial situation before congress and suggested legislation nullifying decisions of labor board enforceable and creating a coal commission.

Aug. 22—Illinois coal strike settled, men winning their demands.

Sept. 1—Government obtained sweeping injunction in Federal court in Chicago restraining striking shop crafts from interfering with operation of railways.

Sept. 2—Anthracite strike settled, old wage scale continued.

Sept. 12—Shopmen's strike broken by separate agreements with many roads. Executive council of A. F. of L. demanded impeachment of Attorney General Daugherty and Federal Judge Wilkerson.

Sept. 25—Federal Judge Wilkerson sustained the injunction against the union railway shopmen.

Oct. 1—About 2,500 Great Lakes seamen struck.

Nov. 13—Chicago Building Trades council recommended no basis of bandit award.

Dec. 7—National Association of Railway Executives abandoned meeting of labor questions nationally.

DISASTERS

Jan. 4—Greek destroyer blown up by torpedo explosion; 20 killed.

Jan. 25—Roof of moving picture theater in Washington collapsed under weight of snow; 97 killed and 133 injured.

Feb. 2—Twenty-five men killed by explosion in mine at Gates, Pa.

Feb. 21—United States army dirigible Roma, bought from Italy, destroyed by fall and explosion near Hampton Roads; 34 men killed, 9 injured.

March 15—One fireman killed, score injured in Chicago fire that destroyed Springer block and damaged the Burlington Railway Depot building, with property loss of $8,000,000.

March 23—British submarine H-42 sunk in Mediterranean with crew of 22, after collision with destroyer.

March 29—Famous church of Ste. Anne de Beaupre near Quebec burned.

April 14—Destructive floods throughout Mississippi river valley.

April 17—Fatal and destructive tornadoes in southern Illinois and Indiana.

April 18—Four hundred carloads of war munitions exploded in Monastir, Serbia, killing hundreds and destroying center of city.

April 24—Sudden flood at Fort Worth, Tex., killed several score of persons.

April 27—Levees breaks in Louisiana made 20,000 homeless.

May 19—F. & O. liner Egypt sunk in collision with French freighter; 95 lost.

June 11—Great storm swept New York city and vicinity; 50 persons killed and vast damage done.

June 12—Three hundred drowned by flood in San Salva.

July 31—Great conflagration in European business quarter of Hongkong.

Aug. 1—Forty persons killed in wreck of pilgrims' train near Lourdes, France.

Aug. 3—Fifty thousand lives lost in typhoon at Swatow, on China coast.

Aug. 5—Thirty-seven killed and 138 injured in railway collision at Sulphur Springs, Mo.

Aug. 16—Towns of Fairlee's Silver Creek and Pinole, Miss., destroyed by forest fires.

Aug. 22—Japanese cruiser Nisshin sunk in typhoon; 37 days lost.

Aug. 25—Boat excursion capsized in burning lake in mine shaft at Jackson, Cal.; all found dead 22 days later.

Aug. 26—Chilean ship sank near Coquimbo; 300 lives lost.

Sept. 5—Ammunition stores exploded by lightning destroyed Fulcomer fort, Italy; killing 13, soldiers and injuring a thousand.

Oct. 5—More than 20 reported killed in disastrous forest fires in northern Ontario and Quebec. Several towns destroyed.

Oct. 7—Fifteen burned to death in New York tenement fire.

Oct. 30—Webb City, Mo., wrecked by tornado.

Nov. 6—Eighty men killed by gas explosion in coal mine near Spangler, Pa.

Nov. 10—Earthquake and tidal waves in Chile killed hundreds and did vast damage.

Nov. 18—Eighty lives lost when Mexican steamer sank at La Bomba.

Nov. 22—Eighty-four men killed by dust explosion in mine near Birmingham, Ala.

Dec. 8—Business district and many homes of Astoria, Ore., burned; loss $15,000,000.

NECROLOGY

Jan. 2—Reinnold Wolf, playwright and critic, in New York.

Jan. 5—Sir Ernest Shackleton, British explorer, in Antarctic.

Jan. 7—Prince Kalanianaole, Hawaiian delegate to congress.

Jan. 8—Joseph Oliver, grand sire of Sovereign Lodge of Odd Fellows of United States, Canada and Australia, at Toronto.

Jan. 10—Marquis Okuma, famous Japanese statesman.

Clarence B. Miller, secretary of Republican national committee.

Jan. 13—Former United States Senator Joseph H. Millard of Nebraska.

Jan. 16—John T. Kelly, veteran comedian.

Jan. 17—George B. Selden, inventor of first gasoline-driven vehicle, in Rochester, N. Y.

Jan. 19—Archbishop Charles H. Gauthier of the metropolitan provinces of Ottawa.

Jan. 22—Pope Benedict XV.

John Kendrick Bangs, American humorist and editor.

Viscount James Bryce.

Jan. 23—Arthur Nikisch, famous orchestral conductor.

Jan. 25—Miss Genevieve Reynolds, veteran American actress.

Jan. 26—Mrs. Elizabeth C. Seaman (Nellie Bly), newspaper woman, in New York.

Jan. 28—Richard West, U. S. United States vice consul in London.

Feb. 1—Field Marshal Prince Tanaka, elder statesman of Japan.

Feb. 2—H. H. Shaughnessy, second assistant postmaster general, victim of Washington theater disaster.

Feb. 3—Gen. Christian De Wet, commander in chief of Boer army, in war of 1899.

Feb. 4—Maurice FitzGerald, duke of Leinster, premier peer of Ireland.

Feb. 5—G. W. Jardine, noted engineering contractor, in Chicago.

Feb. 15—John S. Miller, eminent attorney, in Chicago.

Feb. 20—J. F. Shafroth, former United States senator and governor of Colorado.

Feb. 21—Col. R. G. Cholmeley-Jones, former chief of war risk insurance.

Feb. 23—Viscount Harcourt, British statesman.

March 1—Dr. J. C. Branner, president emeritus of Stanford university.

March 2—Henry Bataille, French dramatist.

March 6—Col. John Lambert, millionaire steel magnate, at Pasadena, Cal.

March 25—Charles Pope, former "glucose king," in Chicago.

March 29—Sir John Eaton, Canadian merchant prince.

April 1—Charles, ex-emperor of Austria, at Funchal, Madeira.

April 3—Dr. Cyrus Northrop, president emeritus of University of Minnesota.

Frederick Villiers, famous war artist and correspondent, in England.

April 4—John W. Midkeff, noted railway expert, in Chicago.

April 5—Gen. Erich von Falkenhayn, former chief of staff of German army.

April 10—F. J. Murphy, veteran warden of Illinois state penitentiary.

April 12—Henry M. Shrady, sculptor, in New York.

April 13—Sir Ross Smith, famous Australian aviator, killed by fall of plane.

April 14—Amos Alonzo Stagg, famous veteran of baseball, in Chicago.

April 17—Henry V. Esmond, English playwright.

John Foord, editor Asia Magazine, in Washington.

April 23—Eduardo S. Mujica, Chilean statesman.

Lord Leopold Mountbatten, cousin of King George of England.

Rt. Rev. Thomas Beatty, Episcopal bishop coadjutor of Tennessee.

April 25—Frederick VanRensselaer Dey, writer of the Nick Carter detective stories, committed suicide in New York.

April 27—Paul Deschanel, ex-president of France.

April 29—Richard Croker, former head of Tammany Hall, in Ireland.

S. E. Kaufman, well known hotel man of Chicago.

April 30—Commander J. D. J. Kelley, U. S. N., retired, in New York.

May 1—John Vance Cheney, poet and essayist, in San Diego, Cal.

May 2—Ada Jones, noted musical comedy actress.

May 4—A. J. Gonna, former United States senator from North Dakota.

May 6—Henry P. Davison, New York banker.

May 7—J. H. Patterson, head of National Cash Register Co.

United States District Judge Beverly Evans, at Savannah, Ga.

May 12—C. B. Adams, noted penologist, at St. Charles, Ill.

May 13—Dr. Rafael Zaldivar, former minister from Salvador, in Chicago.

May 29—A. G. Bartlett, prominent in Chicago business and civic life.

June 2—Former United States Senator W. P. Pollock of South Carolina.

June 3—Mrs. Mary Virginia Terhune (Marion Harland), author, in New York.

June 5—W. T. Abbott, Chicago financier.

June 6—Lillian Russell—Mrs. Alexander P. Moore, famous stage beauty, in Pittsburgh, Pa.

June 7—Richard A. Ballinger, former secretary of the interior, at Seattle.

George Carmack, discoverer of the Klondike gold fields, at Vancouver.

June 8—Henry T. Oxnard, leader in sugar industry, in New York.

June 12—Horace E. Hooper, publisher of Encyclopedia Britannica.

G. W. Aldredge, collector of the port of New York.

June 15—Frederic C. Penfield, former ambassador to Austria, in New York.

June 22—Take Joneseu, Rumanian statesman.

June 23—Wu Ting Fang, Chinese statesman.

June 24—William T. Rockefeller, capitalist.

June 27—A. Stuart Baldwin, vice president Illinois Central railway.

Edwin U. Judd, last survivor of founders of Republican party, at Anacortes, Wash.

June 28—Mrs. Charles Henrotin, Chicago, leader in society and social work.

June 30—Samuel G. Goss, inventor and manufacturer of printing presses, at Glencoe, Ill.

July 4—Congressman M. P. Kinkaid of O'Neill, Neb., in Washington.

July 5—E. W. Barrett, editor and proprietor of Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald.

July 15—Dr. E. J. Wheeler, editor of Current Opinion.

July 19—Rev. Dr. J. F. Goucher, founder of Goucher college, Baltimore.

July 23—Alice Miriam, grand opera star, in New York.

July 24—Col. R. W. Guthrie, noted old man of Pittsburgh, Pa.

July 27—Richard M. Birdsall, famous inventor, in Chicago.

July 31—Miss Mary N. Murfree (Charles Egbert Craddock), American author.

Aug. 1—Former United States Senator Frank S. White of Alabama.

Aug. 2—Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone.

United States Senator William E. Crow of Pennsylvania.

Lemuel P. Padgett, former congressman from Tennessee.

Aug. 3—Benjamin B. Donnelley, former famous football star, in New York.

Aug. 4—Enver Pasha, ex-war minister of Turkey, killed in battle.

Aug. 6—Rear Admiral Uriel Sebree, U. S. N

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SMITH MEASURES HAVE CLEAR ROAD

First Three Bills on Governor's Reconstruction Program Reported Favorably

NO SERIOUS OPPOSITION

Include Budget, Consolidation of State Departments and Short Ballot Proposals—Passed in 1920, but Lost Out in 1921.

Albany.—Favorable action on the three bills carrying out Governor Smith's reorganization program will be taken by the Senate Judiciary Committee. The bills will be reported out by the committee and placed on general orders in the senate. These will be the first important administration measures to pass through the committee mill. Their passage is assured in the senate, and it is not believed any serious opposition will be met by them in the assembly.

The measures are identical with bills introduced when Governor Smith served his first term. Through their adoption the governor hopes to achieve a greater degree of permanency in state government and to instigate the adoption of and strict adherence to business methods in the management of the state's affairs.

The most important feature of the program is that which creates an executive budget. At present the legislature has sole control over all budget making, and while the governor proposes the legislative finance committee revises. This is a handicap which it is said has made itself felt at regular intervals in the past. Even the creation of a State Board of Estimate by the Miller administration did not remedy the situation. The board spent months in preparing a scientific budget which, however, can be disregarded in entirety by the Legislature if it sees fit to do so.

Check on Extravagance

Under the plan proposed by Governor Smith the Legislature would have the power to reduce budget requests, but not to increase them. This, it is thought, will provide checks against extravagance. In the past department heads whose appropriations have been reduced by governors went over the heads of the executives, used their political influence and got what they wanted from the Legislature.

Coupled with the executive budget are proposals for a short ballot, accomplished by making the governor, lieutenant governor and state comptroller the only elective officers. The secretary of state, engineer, treasurer and attorney general would be placed on a par with the department heads now appointed by the governor, subject to approval by the Senate. The plan calls for the consolidation of the present 168 departments, boards and bureaus into nineteen major departments, the heads of which would be responsible to the governor. The three elective officers would serve for four years. This latter proposal is regarded as the foundation of more permanent policies in state government. Governor Smith maintains that a two-year term does not give the executive sufficient time to put his theories into practice and to demonstrate the soundness of those theories.

Students of economics are said to agree with the governor in this. The upheaval caused by the election every two years of an executive with policies different from those of his predecessor frequently involves considerable economic losses. The work started by one administration is scrapped to make room for the structure to be built by another which in turn runs the risk of having its work undone before it has been given a chance to meet the tests of time.

Governor Smith during his first term did not have a full opportunity to put his plans into effect. He gave way to Governor Miller, whose policies were along different lines. But Governor Miller had hardly set the machinery into motion before it was time for him to retire and now the scrapping crew once more is working overtime. These changes are expensive.

Favorable action on the three reorganization measures by the Legislature this year means only a half won battle. They amend the Constitution and must therefore be passed by two successive Legislatures. If they pass this year they will be laid aside until 1925, when they will come up for reconsideration. If approved then they will go to the voters in the fall of 1925. Friends of the reconstruction program hope their project will fare better than it did last time. It was passed by the 1920 Legislature, but fell short of passage in 1921 when the Senate approved but the Assembly disapproved. Now the work has been started all over again.

Reconstruction was one of the main issues in the campaign. Both gubernatorial candidates stood for efficiency and economy in state government. Governor Miller wanted to bring this about primarily through statutory changes, while Governor Smith urged the amending of the Constitution. He indorsed the plan of the Reconstruction Committee appointed by him in 1919, which made a thoroughgoing survey of the state government and the problems that must be solved.

Within the near future Governor Smith is to submit to the Legislature a number of proposals for legislation which would pave the way for departmental consolidation in line with the general consolidation program laid down in the reconstruction plan. Just what will be done in this respect has not as yet been decided upon; but it is likely that some of the departments created by statute may be merged with departments handling similar work, but operating under constitutional provisions, therefore immune from changes by general legislation.

Asks Motor Law Changes

Charles D. Donohue, Democratic leader in the Assembly, introduced a bill providing for a Board of Elections in New York city and each county in the state, with the exception of New York county. Under the bill the powers and duties now conferred on the county clerks of Broome, Oneida, Nassau, Suffolk and Westchester would be terminated and the one-party Election Commission in Monroe and Oneida abolished.

Three bills in which motor car owners will be interested were introduced by Assemblyman Stapley of Livingston. One provides that a motor vehicle may be parked at night without lights in any city or village where the street lights are not more than 200 feet apart. Another would prohibit villages from establishing speed limit regulations of less than 20 miles an hour. The third measure would require sleighs to carry rear lights at night, the same as wagons and autos.

The creation of a new municipal court district in Queens county and an additional justice are provided for in a bill introduced by Assemblyman Brenner.

Twelve bills designed to improve and strengthen the state election law were introduced by Assemblyman Clayton of Kings. Bills already have been introduced by the Democratic leaders to restore the direct primary law and to include state and judicial officers.

One of the Clayton measures provides that in first class cities members of the Board of Elections can be removed only after written notice by the board or mayor making the appointments. Another bill provides that ballots need not be piled face down and strikes out the provision in the present law that the canvass of each ballot must be completed before the next ballot is taken up.

Under another Clayton bill it would be necessary to preserve election books, records and papers for one year instead of two years, as at present. Provision for two clerks in each election district in New York city where a voting machine is not used would be stricken from the law under another bill.

The salaries of the New York City commissioners of election would be increased from $6,000 to $8,000 a year under a bill offered by Senator Farrell of Brooklyn.

Senator Wolf of the Bronx introduced a measure making owners of automobiles responsible for any damages incurred while their cars are being used by another person. He said the bill was aimed also at "joy riders."

While crossing a street in Albany last summer Senator Wolf was struck by an automobile and severely injured. He brought suit for $30,000 against the owner of the car, but could not recover damages because the owner said his son was driving the car without his permission.

Deficit Reduced a Half

At the close of the last Smith administration it was necessary for the Legislature to make available at once $12,000,000 to meet deficiencies, but this year the Legislature will have to provide only $5,000,000 for deficiencies. Half of this sum will be required for the share of the state in meeting the salaries of school teachers.

School teaching in this state has become a more attractive profession since increased salaries went into effect, and many teachers, for whom no allowance was made in the appropriation bill last year, have been added to the teaching force. Indeed, the vacancies in the school teaching lists of the past have been replaced by an overflow of applicants for positions. Accordingly about $2,000,000 of the deficiency appropriations will go to help pay the salaries of recently employed teachers who were hired by the increased recompense.

To pay the value of slaughtered tubercular cattle the state must appropriate about $1,600,000, and the remaining odd million dollars will go to meet unexpected expenditures by various other departments.

Joseph A. McGinnis, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the Assembly, is not disposed to regard kindly requests for increased allowances intended to provide places for deserving Democrats. He made this plain to two department heads when he asserted that they would be guided by the estimates of their Republican predecessors, who, having served in office, were better qualified to estimate the financial needs of their departments than the newcomers who have just taken over the reins.

General Lester Retires

Elimination of some of the oldest National Guard officers in the state by placing them on the reserve list, reorganization of the Eighty-seventh Brigade and assignment of a negro regiment to a place in the New York National Guard for the first time, were announced by Charles W. Berry, adjutant general. The changes are incorporated in general orders.

Brig. Gen. James W. Lester of Saratoga Springs, for about 40 years a big figure in National Guard activities and acting commanding general of the National Guard while Gen. John F. O'Ryan is on leave [illegible] on the New York Transit Commission, is at the top of those placed on the reserve list.

DAIRY FACTS

TICK ERADICATION IS URGED

It Is Only in Sections Where Parasites Have Been Destroyed That Dairying Pays Well.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Wherever the dairy industry has gained a foothold in the South there is strong sentiment in favor of the complete eradication of the cattle tick, says the United States Department of Agriculture, for it is only in tick-free areas that the dairy cow can be expected to return a profit. At the last session of the state legislature of Mississippi it was the influence of the newly-developed industry that prevented the indefinite suspension of the statewide tick-eradication law. Farmers who depend upon the cow for a part of their income have grown to be a power in the state and they demand that the work be carried to completion.

A $10,000 Cow, Recently Purchased by a Southern Dairyman.

In two counties of the state the county supervisors decided last fall to stop tick eradication work until the next session of the legislature for they realized without the cow owners who are now complaining by loss the disappearance of the biennially mills and county checks that had been kept up to their credit at the stores even when the cotton crop was a failure. These men got together and demanded that the boards reverse their actions and the boards did so with little delay.

In many counties in Georgia last year, state officials report, the ravages of the boll weevil would have driven many of the cotton growers into bankruptcy had they not been fortified against it by a few dairy cows. The fact that the ticks had been eradicated made it possible to carry on the dairy business with profit. Some of the farmers, when they saw that the cotton crop was to be a failure used the cotton seeds for making cow feed, and, when they could raise the money, bought more cows from the North. In a few county they would have been lost.

A map prepared by the commissioner of agriculture of Oklahoma shows that in an area of 40,000 square miles cleared of ticks there are now more than 150 creameries and ice cream factories that have sprung up in the last three or four years. Such conditions, says the department, are never found in the domain of the tick.

Why Dairymen Need Silo

Six convincing reasons why dairymen need silos are given by A. C. Baer, head of the Dairy department at Oklahoma A. and M. college. They are:

1. Dairy cows need succulent feed during the dry season and during the winter.
2. A silo will preserve feed crops in the best and most profitable form.
3. Silage is cheaper than any other feed for cows.
4. A well-filled silo always [illegible] of the feed problems.
5. A silo affords a dairyman the best storage room for home-grown feed.
6. Dairying is not as profitable without a silo as with one.

TO RAISE CALVES "BY HAND"

Ohio Specialists Say Don't Wean Youngster Until Five Days Old—Feed Some Grain.

To raise calves "by hand," say specialists in animal husbandry extension for the Ohio State university, don't wean the calf until four or five days old. Then for the next three weeks, feed it's mother's milk from a bucket, at the rate of from eight to twelve pounds daily. Substitute one pound of skim milk daily until the calf is receiving its whole ration of skim milk.

Cracked corn or oats may be placed in the bucket after the calf has finished its milk. Calves ought to have milk until five or six months old, the college specialists believe, and they add that even a longer period of milk feeding is preferable.

Barley Is Good Dairy Food.

Barley is about as good a feed for dairy cows as cornmeal, according to A. C. Baer, professor of dairying at the Oklahoma A. and M. college, Stillwater. The grain should be ground, however, as milk cows cannot utilize barley very well unless it is ground.

Watch Quality of Silage.

As [illegible] else that is fed to the [illegible] cow, which the [illegible] spoiled [illegible] may not hurt [illegible] it is almost certainly will.

FOR OVER 40 YEARS

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE has been used successfully in the treatment of Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE consists of an Ointment which Quickly Relieves by local application, and the Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces, thus reducing the inflammation.

Sold by all druggists.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

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SMETHPORT, PENNA.

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Are Season's Demand for Well Dressed Feet

THE LITTLE BOOT SHOP HAS A FULL LINE OF SATIN SLIPPERS AND SATIN COMBINATIONS.

SILK STOCKINGS BELONG TO WELL SHOD FEET.

We carry both the running and outside Silk Hose.

We carry Plain Hose, Clock Hose and all colors of Sport Hose.

WE CAN MATCH YOUR SHOES WITH STOCKINGS.

COME IN AND LOOK AROUND.

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Little Boot Shop

Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

The Most Useful Gifts For . . . . Men & Boys

At the Most Reasonable Prices

We always Sell the Best for the Least

Open Evenings

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This is the time of the year to think of

FOOT WEAR

I have WEAR-U-WELL

RUBBER SHOES
RUBBER BOOTS
RUBBERS
SHOES

Save One-Third at

W. C. DALY

The Mechanic St. Grocer

WEEKLY COURT RECORD

January 17 to 24, 1923.

Deeds.

Beverly T. Downey et al, to Eben Clark Pattison, Keating township, $3,000.

Margaret B. Stone and husband to Elizabeth W. Raub, Otto township, $1.

Beverly T. Downey and wife to Lloyd B. Downey, Keating township, $1.

Nathan Nichols and wife to D. J. Davidson, Otto township, $2250.

B. G. McFall and wife to Estella McFall and husband, Eldred, $1.

Phoebe L. Newell et al, to Edith A. Olive et al, Bradford, $1.

George W. Lane and wife to Carl J. Cornelius, Bradford, $1.

A. D. Longfellow and wife to J. J. Kenney, Bradford, $1.

Alice Gadding et al to Warner Jennings et al, Bradford township, $1.

Margaret Bayer to Edgar H. Coleman and wife, Norwich township, $1.

Anna Reick and husband to William Monheimer, Smethport, $1.

Florence Rumsey to William J. Welter, Bradford, $1.

Sophia D. Ansell and husband to Otho B. Charley and wife, Bradford, $1.

Edward S. Berry and wife to Ernest DeWayne Snow, Kane, $1.

Mary Rolfe to Carl Anderson and wife, Kane, $1.

Mary A. Rush and husband to George E. Howe, East Smethport, $2000.

William Howe et al to Lydia Howe, Keating township, $1.

Mortgages.

Elizabeth W. Raub and husband to McKean County Trust Co., Otto township, $4000.

H. O. Wallen and wife to Hamlin Bank and Trust Co., Eldred, $1500.

Raymont R. Raub and wife to Rufus B. Stone, Otto township, $13000.

William F. Kohler and wife to McKean County Bldg. and Loan Association, Foster township $600.

Jacob Schiefelin to McKean Co. Trust Co., Bradford, $1800.

J. J. Kenney and wife to H. A. Spencer et al, Bradford, $1059.80.

Otto B. Charley and wife to Sophia D. Ansell, Bradford, $3300.

George W. Lane to McKean Co. Bldg & Loan Ass'n, Bradford, $800.

W. J. Hall and wife to Edward Eller Lumber Co., Port Allegany, $2000.

Same to Same, Port Allegany $500.

Satisfaction Mortgage.

Ada M. Young et al to Beverly T. Downey et al, Keating, $4300.

Charles W. Stone Exrs. of to Margaret B. Stone and husband, Otto township, $3500.

Commercial National Bank, of Bradford, to R. B. Stone, Otto township, $7500.

Same to Rufus B. Stone, Otto township, $1000.

Same to Same, Otto township, $1000.

Chester H. Baker to Charles W. Taylor, Ceres township, $3250.

Wallace M. Whitehead to Jacob Schiefelin, Bradford, $1200.

Carrie E. Brown to John Griffin, Bradford, $2000.

Janet Hoffman Brooks trustee to R. J. Hoffman et al, Bradford, $10000.

Olean Trust Co. to Lena M. Foster and husband, Bradford, $2500.

Henry Hasler to Owen W. Merrick and wife, Ceres, $500.

W. C. Middlebrough to George W. Lane, Bradford, $1500.

Judgments.

Feb. Term, 1923. Hamlin & Clothier vs. H. H. Shultz, $226.10.

First National Bank of Port Allegany, Pa. vs. Florence Jenkin Ventress, formerly Florence Jenkins Mrs. Mary Jenkin, $525.

E. M. Ketchum vs. E. A. Gooch, J. F. Sloan, L. C. Gooch, $573.02.

Martha Lane Adams Co., Inc., Albert A. Stannard, $11.30 (P. Judg).

Frank Fox vs. Morris Dressan, $1998.

New Suits.

February Term, 1923. Edna A. Booth vs. Harold H. Booth, Divorce.

Joseph A. Allegretti Exr. etc., vs. Jacob Horn, Sci. Fa., Mortgage.

Lulu Besse vs. Herman W. Besse Divorce.

Orlo Field vs. Frances Mildred Field, Divorce.

Lloyd Robbins vs. Lew Fowler, also known as Lee L. Fowler, Sci. Fa.

Executions.

Feb. Term, 1923, County of McKean vs. Geo. Burnham, $120.

J. B. Oviatt vs. Mrs. Mittie Welch $247.25.

Martha Lane Adams Co., Inc., vs. Albert A. Stannard, $11.30.

LEGAL NOTICE.

To Fred Loop and Myrtle Loop, and other persons whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given to you that A. J. Drake did present to the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County at No. 63, February Term, 1923, his petition, setting forth, interalia, that, on or about November 15, 1905, he purchased from Emma Ault and George Ault, her husband, of Eldred Township, Myrtle Brunner, widow, of Bradford, Pa., and Fred Loop and Myrtle Loop, his wife, of Niles, Ohio, all that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Eldred, McKean County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a hemlock the southwest corner of land conveyed to William Rounds, lot No. 41; thence east 60 perches to a post, the southeast corner of same; thence south 7.4 perches to a post, the southwest corner of land conveyed to John Loop, Jr., lot No. 43; thence south 72 degrees east 24.2 perches to a post corner of the same; thence south 137.5 perches to a beech corner; thence west 86 perches to a post corner; thence north 154.5 perches to the place of beginning. Containing 75.8 acres, strict measure, more or less, being lots Nos. 192 and 195 of the allotment of the Keating lands in Eldred Township, and part of warrants 4320 and 2086, and being the same land owned by Lewis Loop, at the time of his death, and the said Emma Ault is the widow and the said Myrtle Brunner and Fred Loop are two of the heirs at law of Lewis Loop, deceased, who died intestate;—but excepting and reserving therefrom and thereout all the oil and gas in and under said premises.

That, at said time, the said Emma Ault and said others were the legal owners of said premises in fee simple; that the purchase price thereof was $1200, which was paid by said petitioner; that said petitioner took possession thereof, and has been in possession of said premises since that date; that a good and sufficient deed in fee simple was made, executed and acknowledged by Emma Ault, and said others, and delivered to said petitioner, but said deed was lost, without being recorded, and that he had requested the said Emma Ault and said others to execute and deliver to him another deed of said premises, but they refuse so to do.

Whereupon, the said court did make an order and decree fixing time and place of hearing, etc., and that service thereof be made on the said Fred Loop and Myrtle Loop, by brief advertisement, to be published once a week for three weeks, in the Smethport Miner, and in default of apearance by the said parties that the matter would be proceeded with in their absence.

Therefore, we command you, the said Fred Loop and Myrtle Loop, and all other persons whom it may concern, that you appear before our Judges at Smethport, at our Court of Common Pleas, for the County of McKean, there to be held on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1923, at ten o'clock, A. M., of that day, to make answer, upon oath or affirmation, to the facts set forth in the said petition of A. J. Drake, filed in said court on January 9, 1923, for the purpose of supplying the defect in the title of said petitioner to the lands situate in the Township of Eldred, McKean County, Pennsylvania, being lands formerly of Lewis Loop and hereinbefore fully described, the said defect in title being occasioned by the loss of the said deed from Emma Ault, George Ault, Myrtle Brunner, Fred Loop and Myrtle Loop to the said A. J. Drake.

Herein fail not at your peril.

Witness, the Honorable Jos. W. Ladd Comly, at Smethport, this 9th day of January, A. D. 1923.

B. F. STARSKY, Prothonotary.

(Seal of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County.)

1-31.

WEDDING ANNOUNCED

Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Hamlin have issued invitations to the wedding of their daughter, Mirabel, to Robert Dig, February 8, at 12 o'clock, at St. Luke's church. The wedding will be followed by a reception at the family residence.

TALKS TO BRADFORD C. OF C.

T. F. Hungiville, chairman of the membership committee of the Concpus club, was a speaker before the Bradford Chamber of Commerce, Wednesday evening. In his address Mr. Hungiville advocated closer co-operation of all business interests, stating that if a city is to advance thorough co-operation is imperative.

Some people can't take anything unless they take it seriously.

ELDRED DEFEATS LOCAL FIVE FRIDAY EVENING SMETHPORT GIRLS WIN.

Smethport High's basketball team lost in a game with the Eldred team, at Eldred, last Friday night by a score of 28 to 38. Smethport High lost the game in the first half due in the main to real professional work on the part of Eldred; but in the second half Smethport lightened up and gave the Eldred boys the hottest session of their career. Eldred's lead however, proved too great to overcome.

Friday night at the Lyceum the Smethport High school girl's team proved their knowledge of the game by defeating the heretofore invincible Sheffield five by a score of 11 to 9. It was Miss Harriet Brownell who turned the tide in Smethport's favor, but throughout the game it was apparent that the local aggregation was superior.

BILL SAM'S DICTIONARY

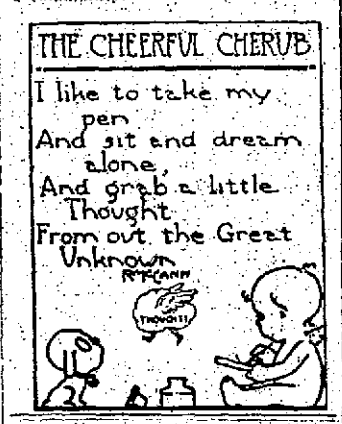
By J. L. MARTIN

I have noticed that the old family physician, after rolling his own pills and mixing his own medicine for his patients for forty years, now has a private office over his drug store, and is writing prescriptions at so much per.

MEDICINE—A doctor's advice written on a slip of paper and translated by a pharmacist. (Bill Sam's Dictionary, page 908.)

Way to Improve Dairy.

Replacing the low-producing cows with better ones and later with purebreds is only one of the ways in which a dairy improvement association helps a community.


THE CHEERFUL CHERUB
I like to take my pen
And sit and dream alone,
And grab a little Thought
From out the Great Unknown
R. F. CANN
THOUGHT

C. W. MASSER
HARDWARE
SMETHPORT, - PENNA.

Odorless Gas Heater

The cheeriest and most welcomy warmth known to science—*Radiant Heat!* The LAWSON heats like the Sun—*projected rays.* No devitalized atmosphere.

The LAWSON has an inner combustion chamber—the "glowing heart." Consumes the gas thoroughly. No waste. No odor.

The most compact, powerful and efficient gas heater you can buy. There's an economical size for largest to smallest room. Let us show you the LAWSON.

DAIRY

TUBERCULOSIS TEST TABLETS

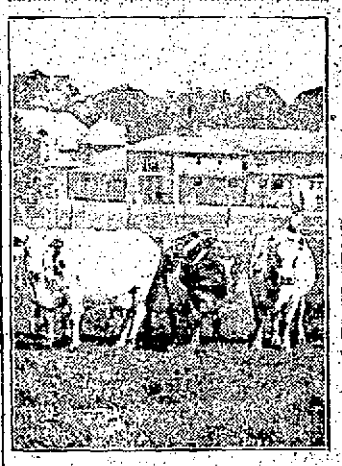
Perfection of an Apparatus Is Considered Big Aid in Campaign for Eradication.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The United States Department of Agriculture announces the perfection of an apparatus through the use of which tablets to be used in the ophthalmic test for tuberculosis in cattle may be manufactured in sufficient quantities to supply the demand. The material used in making these tablets takes up moisture from the air so readily that unless atmospheric conditions are ideal it is impossible to shape the material into tablets. In practice it was found possible to manufacture them during only about thirty days in the year, until the new apparatus was devised.

The ophthalmic test, while not official, has become very important in the fight against tuberculosis in cattle, and several million tablets are now needed annually to supply the demand. Under the former system of making them only when the humidity and temperature of the air permitted, it was impossible to keep up with the demand.

The apparatus, which was designed in the bureau of animal industry, consists of a specially constructed, closed chamber in which air is cooled and dried by having the moisture frozen out of it by circulating over brine coils. The air then passes over electric heating coils which raise it to the proper temperature, without changing the moisture content. This air is then supplied to a working box, where the tablets are to be made. This box is arranged to admit the hands of the operator without opening



Dairy Herd Tested and Found Free From Tuberculosis.

it to the outside air, the temperature being regulated by means of a thermostat.

The new device enables the department to make test tablets in sufficient numbers at any time of the year, regardless of atmospheric conditions, and is an aid in the nationwide campaign for the eradication of tuberculosis in cattle. This same means of regulating the relative humidity may be used in making other medicinal tablets than those used in the tuberculin tests.

EASY MATTER TO UNDERFEED

Cows Are Often Neglected During Winter Season When Feed Prices Are High.

During the winter months, with high-priced feeds, it is an easy matter to underfeed the cow. An animal will use so much feed for maintenance regardless of whether or not she produces any milk. If milk production is desired, she must be fed enough to produce it, above what is required for her maintenance. A thousand-pound cow needs 20 pounds of good corn silage and eight pounds of clover hay or its equivalent simply for body upkeep. If milk is expected she must be fed above this amount to produce the heavier producing animals, requiring the most feed.

DECREASE IN FLOW OF MILK

Absence of Succulent Feed and Chilly Winds of Winter Are Chiefly Responsible.

The tendency on the part of the dairy cow to give a decreased flow of milk when cold weather approaches is due to natural causes. Absence of succulent feed, together with exposure to chilly winds are often responsible for a sudden "drying off" in a cow's flow. This is why successful winter management of the dairy herd calls for rations of succulent feed, together with protection from the elements.

Some Want "Hardy" Cow.

Too many farmers want a "hardy" dairy cow, meaning one that will stand neglect, exposure, abuse, poor feeding, and still produce well. There ain't no such animal.

Give Bull Needed Exercise.

See that the bull gets plenty of exercise. It will improve both his physical condition and his temper.

January Specials
Men's and Boys' Shirts
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Made of good quality percale—fast colors, collar attached, in fine blue, tan and lavendar stripes Boys sizes 12 to 14; Men's sizes 14½ to 16.

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49 lb sack $2.16.

Fancy Tub Butter lb.	57	Pure Lard lb.	15c
Strictly Fresh Eggs doz.	55c	Compound lb.	14c
Pocono Cocoa, 3 1-5 oz. tin.	08c	Bulk Oat Flake lb.	5c
Coffee, a blend for every taste, per lb.	27c, 32c, 35c	Eberly Figs, jar,	15c
Fancy Pink Salmon, 2 can	25c	Domino and Federal Cane Syrup can	10c
Reg. Price 14.		Regular Price 17.	

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Hunting Season Opens

SPARKLE LIKE A PIECE OF CHESTNUT
PHOEBE, WHAT'S BECOME OF MY LITTLE BROWN DERBY?
AH HA!
NOW, LET'S SEE, WHERE DID I PUT THOSE RUBBERS?